

The Mountain Advocate.

NEW SERIES, VOLUME 9; No. 31

BARBOURVILLE, KY., FRIDAY, JUNE 6, 1919

ONE DOLLAR AND FIFTY CENTS A YEAR IN ADVANCE

OIL NEWS

A great deal of work is being done in Qwstey County where some wells will soon be at the proper depth to strike the Irvine sand. The results of such tests will have a big significance for Knox County. If these companies should produce big oil, there is no question that Knox County will become a center of much activity. As it is a good deal of money is being placed in Barbourville to work in Clay County.

The Hector Creek well which is being drilled in Clay County on Hector Creek, tributary to Redbird Creek, is nearing the Irvine sand and should be finished this week. This is the first test on the Peabody property, known as the Associated Oil Producers. It is understood they are rigging up for another well. On an airline from Barbourville Court House, this property is about 21 miles and is 5 miles from Manchester on an airline.

H. P. Levick, Jr., of Winchester, Ky., who is connected with the Associated Producers, now drilling deep tests in Clay County, was here during the past few days looking over Knox County prospects, doubtless in connection with deep drilling.

SEEING IS BELIEVING

The County Agent of Cumberland County evidently believes in the old saying "seeing is believing," for he writes as follows:

"I spent a large part of two days arranging a pig feeding experiment. It is as follows: Two pig pens were constructed on the public square and a self feeder for pigs was also constructed and placed across the partition between the two pens. In one end corn only is to be placed and in the other end a balanced ration consisting of 5 parts corn, 4 parts shorts and 2 parts tankage is placed so that the pigs in one pen get only corn while the others get a balanced ration. The four pigs are to come from the same litter and are to be the same size as nearly as possible. They are to be weighed at the beginning and end of the experiment which is to run 4-6 months. A record of cost of all feed is to be kept and the cost of the gains computed at the end.

This experiment not only demonstrates the value of balanced rations but the value of a self feeder also. I have heard no less than a dozen persons say they were going to make their one. It has been the chief center of attraction."

KNOX COUNTY BOY KILLED

At Penitents With Breast To Face.

Blondorf, Germany, Feb. 17, 1919. Company E, 128th Infantry, Mr. Alex T. Smith, Barbourville, Ky. My dear Mr. Smith:—I have received your letter making inquiry for your son, Private William Smith, who was reported "missing" and who, you have doubtless been informed, was killed.

This is one of the few cases in which I have been unable to find anyone who was near him at the time he met death, although I have twice made inquiry of the entire company.

The circumstances under which he was killed are as follows: On Nov. 10th the 128th Regiment was near Penitents (north of Danville) and had been following closely on the retreating Germans who were retreating to the east. It was not known in the line that peace was near. The entire line for miles was engaged in an attack on the enemy who was known to be in a bad situation as a result of retirement. Company E was in the front line of the sector of the 128th and pushed a deep dent into the German lines to a depth of about four miles, until with ammunition exhausted, they were about surrounded. In fast light artillery and machine guns had flanked the position held by them. This company had made a great light until then in spite of terrible fire and many casualties and they ordered to withdraw from the dangerous position they were in. They came back across an open field and entered the woods as the Germans appeared on three sides. As they entered the woods Private William Smith, with his rifle on his shoulder met Private John H. Baker and laughingly shouted "Well you came thru all right too," and a little later Private Elvin T. Mayes saw him and called, "I'm proud to see you out alive." At that time they had just entered the woods and were working their way back, Baker going to the assistance of some men who were helping a wounded soldier. That was the last that was seen of Private Smith until a burial party brought him in for burial from the woods where he had been found with a shot thru his left breast. His clothes had been torn open and a bandage had been roughly applied, showing that either he or someone with him had tried to render first aid. His remains were brought back to the town of Penitents where he was buried with many others in a graveyard for soldiers.

It is difficult for me to adequately express the sorrow I feel for the relatives of the soldiers who were killed in the last few days of the fighting for I know their feelings as I myself had many close friends killed at the very last. I should say, however, that I was not engaged with this regiment but was fighting with the 314th Infantry ten miles south of Penitents. What I have told you was secured from the only officer left with this company and the men who were present in the fight with him. I could if it is possible add any details further concerning the death of your son. With the greatest sympathy, Robert D. Christie, Captain Company E 128th Infantry, A. P. O. 741.

Private William Smith entered the service May 26th, 1918, trained at Camp Taylor and Camp Beaumont, La. It was later learned that he was shot thru the heart with a bullet from a machine gun and was buried at Penitents, France. He was 22 years of age when he entered the service and 23 years old when killed. Though he fell the cause for which he died, remains a living, triumphant force for the world's betterment. May his name be engraved on the tablet of our memories as one who fought the good fight and won for himself and his country an imperishable name.

ALEX T. SMITH PASSES

The death of Alex T. Smith occurred at the Jewish Hospital, at Louisville, Ky., on Friday evening, May 30th. The remains were brought to Barbourville and on Sunday afternoon were gently lowered to the quiet home of Mother Barth in the presence of some four or five hundred people. Rev. R. L. Great paid a fitting tribute to the life of the deceased. The Modern Woodmen of the World, with Wm. Messamore, Captain of Ceremonies, paid their last respects to a man and brother.

Mr. Smith was born at Mackay Bend, near King, Ky., and was thirty years of age. Death was from the effects of pneumonia from which he failed to rally.

He leaves a wife, father, mother and one brother, C. A. Smith, to mourn his loss. Another brother, W. M. Smith was killed in action in France November 19th an account of which, by a curious coincidence is given in this same issue.

The sympathy of the whole community will be with the bereaved family.

Officials of the C. & M. Railroad have expressed their sincere sorrow over the loss of a valued employee, a gentleman and one in whom they could always absolutely rely.

RED MEN WILL MEXICO

The Weekly Tribune No. 281, Improved Order of Red Men, whose meeting grounds are at Bryant's Store, Reservation of Kentucky, will in that uncommon cry known as July Fourth, 1919, stage one picnic at Little Poplar Creek. They invite any and all pale faces to their wigwams there to take part in the rites and mysteries of plenic as performed by Red Men.

MICKIE SAYS

MY GOSH! WOULDN'T IT BE GRAND IF EVERYBODY'D PAY THEIR PAPER WITHOUT BEIN' REMINDED. SO WE WOULDN'T HAFTAWASTE A LOTTA TIME IN STAMPIN' WORK GATTIN' OUT THESE STATEMENTS EVERY WEEK! CEE! WE SURE DO APPRECIATE THE GOOD FELLERS WHO MAKE TH' HABIT OF DROPPIN' IN T' PAPER UP, BEGGIN' THE MONEY, WITHOUT BEIN' ASKED! I'LL SAY WE DO!



PENSION BILL

The following is the Pension Bill introduced into Congress by Congressman J. M. Robinson of which mention was made last week.

May 22, 1919. Mr. Robinson of Kentucky introduced the following bill, which was referred to the Committee on Pensions and ordered to be printed.

A BILL To pension soldiers of the War with Spain, the Philippine Insurrection, and the China relief expedition.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all persons who served ninety days or more in the military or naval service of the United States during the War with Spain, the Philippine Insurrection, and the China relief expedition, and who have been honorably discharged therefrom, and who are now or who may hereafter be suffering from any mental or physical disability or disability of a permanent character, not the result of their own vicious habits, which so incapacitates them from the performance of manual labor as to render them unable to earn a support, shall, upon making due proof of the fact, according to such rules and regulations as the Secretary of the Interior may provide, be placed upon the list of favorable pensioners of the United States, and be entitled to receive a pension not exceeding \$36 per month and not less than \$12 per month, proportioned to the degree of inability, to earn a support, and in determining such inability and each and every instance shall be duly considered, and such pension shall commence from the date of the filing of the application in the Bureau of Pensions, after the passage of this act, upon proof that the disability or disabilities then existed, and shall continue during the existence of the same: PROVIDED, That persons who are now receiving pensions under existing laws, or whose claims are pending in the Bureau of Pensions, may, by application to the Commissioner of Pensions, in such form as he may prescribe, showing the benefits of this act, and no longer herein contained, shall be concerned as to prevent any pensioner thereunder from presenting his claim and receiving his pension under any other general or special act: PROVIDED, however, That no pension shall receive more than one pension for the same period: AND PROVIDED FURTHER, That rank in the service shall not be considered in applications filed under this act.

SEC. 2. That no agent, attorney, or other person engaged in preparing, presenting, or procuring any claim under the provisions of this act, shall, directly or indirectly, contract for demand, receipt, or return for such services in payment, plus a fee or presenting such claim a sum greater than \$20, and any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this section, or who shall wrongfully withhold from a pensioner or claimant the whole or any part of a pension or claim allowed or due such pensioner or claimant under this act, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall, for each and every offense, be fined not exceeding \$500, or be imprisoned at hard labor not exceeding two years, or both in the discretion of the court.

SAVE MILLION DOLLARS If the roosters in Kentucky are scattered or separated from hens as soon as the hatching season is over the State will save at least a million dollars. Every egg is a good egg when it is laid; but seventeen out of every hundred are bad eggs when they reach the market. Most of these seventeen eggs spoil because they are fertile. Without roosters in the flocks there will be just as many eggs this summer; but they will be infertile and they will not spoil quickly. The roosters should go during Rooster week June 2nd to 7th.

The editor hopes that every farmer's wife who reads this will want the rooster or have him penned up for the summer to help the State save a million dollars.

Our philosopher says: Birds in the garden are a lot cheaper than Paris green and other poisons for bugs.

UNION COLLEGE GYM

Plans Are Accepted For New Gym.

It will be of interest to every citizen in Barbourville to learn that the Union College Building Committee has accepted the plans of Architect Hoff of Knoxville, Tenn. The ground has been staked off and is ready for excavation as soon as the contract is let. Then the new gym will become a reality.

TROSPER BOY HOME

Jesse Anderkin, of Trospen, Ky. arrived home from Newport News, Va. Mr. Anderkin served overseas eighteen months and fourteen days being in active service at the Argonne, St. Mihiel, Verdun and Toul sectors escaping without a wound. He was with the 33rd Artillery, Battery E, originally the old 8th Regiment of Coast Artillery.

He arrived in the United States March 14th and is now stationed with his regiment which is part of the regular army at Newport News, Va. but was given a furlough of ten days which he is spending with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Anderkin, of Trospen, Knox County.

WM. J. COLE HOME

Wm. J. Cole, son of L. M. Cole, arrived Saturday morning from overseas. Mr. Cole was in Machine Gun Company 1st Lt. 6th Division and fought in the Goradnice Vosges section, from September 3rd to October 12th. In the Sedon sector and in the Meuse-Argonne offensive from Nov. 1st to 11th, when armistice was declared. He was with the army of occupation at Coblenz for a few days. Part of his training took place in England.

Mr. Cole left the United States July 4th, 1918 and arrived home May 3rd, 1919. Among his keepsakes are a British helmet and his own gas mask worn in the Argonne.

SALVATION ARMY DRIVE

Dr. L. L. Logan, of Barbourville, has been made chairman of the Knox County Campaign Committee. The quota for the county is \$3,000. Campaign opens June 23rd to 30th. Dr. Logan says Knox County will be over the top in one day.

W. H. GREEN STILL IN THE GAME

It has been reported around that W. H. Green had retired from the race for Representative, the editor interviewed Mr. Green, who stated most positively that reports of that kind will not eliminate him from the race. "Tell my friends," said Mr. Green, "that I am in the race in earnest and mean to win."

MR. FARMER

Did you read an article on the front page, published last week? If not, please read it and contribute yourself a committee of one to HOUST for them. They will be a tremendous asset in Knox County development in which we are sure you, as a good citizen, are interested.

ST. JOHN'S, CORNHILL, COMMENCEMENT

The 19th year of St. John's Institute will be brought to a fitting close by the Commencement Exercises which will be held in the College Chapel at 7 o'clock, Friday evening, June 6th, the Rt. Rev. B. W. Hurton, D. D., Bishop of the Diocese, will be present at this occasion to deliver the address. Bishop Hurton needs no introduction to the people of Cornhill and this community, especially those who can look backward over the nineteen years in which he has worked to give the young men and women in this locality an opportunity to obtain a Christian education. A pleasing program will be rendered.

LOCAL MEN WORK FOR THE SALVATION ARMY DRIVE

Local men who are working for the Salvation Army in its financial drive, June 23-30, are James I. Golden, who has charge of District No. 8, and E. H. Decker, District No. 19. H. N. Woodson has charge of our own and adjoining counties which form District No. 9.

Don't let us forget the work of the Salvation Army among our boys. They were true blue.

READ P. BLACK RETURNS

Mr. Read P. Black, our popular Sheriff, is back from France and has been so busy meeting and greeting his thousand and one friends that the Advocate has not been able to interview him for this week's issue. We hope to corral him next week. The following long distance tribute will speak for itself, however.

Mr. E. T. Franklin, President of Union College, Barbourville, Ky. Dear Mr. Franklin:—Mr. Read Postlewaite Black, of Barbourville, Kentucky, has returned from overseas after about seven months of work in our service.

Mr. Black served from October, 1918 until May 1919. He worked at the warehouse in Somilly and Ippecourt and then was assigned to artillery camps near Bordeaux.

We wish his friends to know how greatly we appreciate what he has done for the soldiers.

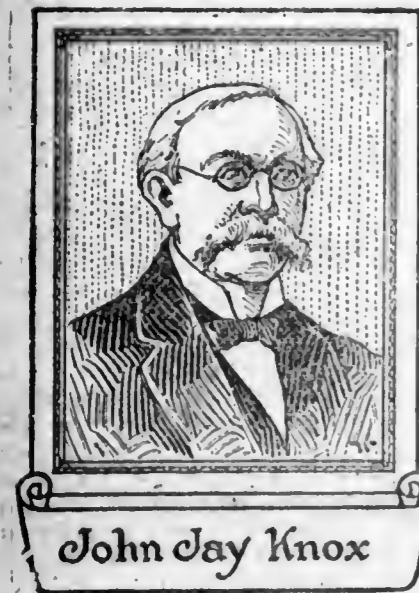
You were one of his references when he went overseas and you will I am sure, be glad to know how cordial is our feeling toward him.

Yours very sincerely,

Edward S. Parsons.

The friends of Mr. John H. Catron are urging him to become a candidate for Republican Representative in this county.

John Frank Girdner, who had his leg cut off in 1915 thru the backing of a train on the Cumberland Railroad at Warren, Ky., recently received \$9,500 damages, the case being finally decided by the Court of Appeals, Frankfurt, last week. Mr. Sawyer A. Smith had charge of the case and carried it to a successful issue.



John Jay Knox



Money he earned and saved while a village youth he spent on an education. As a bank clerk, later, he was studious and thrifty. At middle age a great financier, Knox lectured and wrote about banking topics and as Comptroller of the Currency he helped refinance the government after the Civil war.

Are you preparing for future prosperity and comfort by saving regularly a part of your earnings? Will you be able to take advantage of opportunity for profitable investment when it comes? Could you weather a sick spell without going heavily in debt?

Be able to say YES to these questions a few months hence by starting a savings account with us with a part of your pay this week. Watching that account grow will stimulate your energies.

Multiply your money in our care.

A Roll of Honor Bank FIRST NATIONAL BANK

BARBOURVILLE, KENTUCKY

We pay 3 per cent interest on time certificates of deposit. Rent Safe Deposit Boxes at \$2.00 per annum. Buy Liberty Bonds and W. S. S. ROBERT W. COLE, Cashier.

Be prepared for Sickness: Have some money in the Bank. Start it now.



WHO GETS THE MONEY YOU EARN?

Start your bank account with us today, we have more than 2,500 depositors. Deposits more than half million dollars.

The National Bank of John A. Black

Buy Liberty Bonds Buy W. S. S.

THE ADVOCATE

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OFFICIAL ORGAN OF THE RE-
PUBLICAN PARTY IN
KNOX COUNTY

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

(Strictly in advance)

One Year \$1.50
Six Months \$0.75

Any items intended for publication
should reach this office not later
than Wednesday or we will be forced
to carry it over for the coming week.

To save money, masthead slowly
and you will eat less.

During the war eight hundred
dolls a month suffered being gassed
that men might live.

Is it possible some of the Inter-
nal Revenue officers are mistaking
gigs for stills?

Lemonade has become first aid
for the former had to be aided
drinker.

No, John, it is better not to order
a set of teeth by mail. They might
bite you.

When planting seed plant it right
side up. No charge for this infor-
mation.

The Italian band at the Peace
Conference is now cutting out its
disturbing discords.

Horses, mules, oxen, camels, pi-
geons, dogs, cats, canaries, mice
were our allies during the war.

Who put the "milk" in Mikado?
The Irish have a grievance they
have not put up to the Peace Con-
ference.

One excellent reason for being
brutal to God's bird and beast
friends is that they cannot strike
back.

One of the most singular traits
of parents is that no other children
are quite so bright as Johnny and
Susan.

When a creditor presents a bill
don't forget to thank him. The a-
menities of life should always be ob-
served.

Be a bird landlord. Put up
houses for them and protect them.
They will repay with their beauty
and song.

The Salvation Army doughnut
must have had the regular hole in
it. None of the boys seem to have
complained about it.

Life is not so complex after all.
The few things that engross us are
grub time, business, taxes and a
golden crown. Some of the more
musically inclined insist on a harp
also, even tho they cannot play it.

Some of the heroines that mar-
ried heroes in uniform are exam-
ining them critically since they have
put on civilian clothes and are won-
dering why and everything.

Just because a girl was so anx-
ious to marry an obdurate man she
shot him and has been sent to an
asylum. She must have been crazy
to have taken such a risk for a
mere man.

JUST FOLKS.

THE SOUR MAN.

Ain't he a beauty? The gent who
grunts like a hog when you bid him
"good morning."

You go on your way, sorry for at
least one wife and family. He is a
human hedgehog, all bristles you
think. Perhaps. But the sour man
may have quite a sweet core and do
very beautiful deeds of which you
and I know nothing. His wife has
not divorced him yet and his chil-
dren appear normally fed. He may
be an inventor or have liver trouble,
but don't on this account suggest
that he should try your infallible re-
medy. Other people may have sug-
gested remedies to cure him of his
sourness and he may be sore on the
subject. Or again, he may be shy.
Strange as that may seem in this
day and age such men do exist and
hide the fact under a gruff manner.

And when the Sour Man is buried
and his wife weeps real tears, per-
haps the Recording Angel will know
all about it and the Sour Man will
receive an understanding smile when
he reaches heaven's gate.



FOR STATE SENATOR

I am a candidate for the Republi-
can nomination for state Senator in
the 17th Senatorial district composed
of the counties of Knox, Laurel and
Bell, at the primary to be held in Au-
gust of this year.

Respectfully yours,
W. L. Moss.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE

We Are Authorized to Announce
Esq. Sam M. Bennett candidate for
Representative of Knox County sub-
ject to the action of the Republican
Primary August 2nd, 1919.

We Are Authorized to Announce
Richard C. Miller, candidate for
Representative of Knox County sub-
ject to the action of the Republican
Primary, August 2nd, 1919.

We are authorized to announce.
The candidacy of W. H. Green for
Representative of Knox County, sub-
ject to the action of the Republican
primaries, August 2nd, 1919.



Stand or fall, I am for the com-
mon people. Let the heavy burdens
of Government rest upon the shoul-
ders of the strong.

M. G. Hignite. 30-31

The main thing to remember
when you get a subscription bill
from your local paper is that the ed-
itor with a \$6,000 plant on his
hands is a bloated phlogeron rolling
in wealth.

SAVE WOOD ASHES FOR POTASH

Ordinarily unleached ashes from
soft woods, such as pine, contain
from 4 to 5 per cent of potash, while
those from hard woods like oak and
hickory, contain from 8 to 10 per
cent. In the ashes there is a small
amount of phosphoric acid, usually
not exceeding 1 per cent. The per-
centage of lime will usually range
from 30 to 35 per cent. This lime
in freshly burned ashes is in the
caustic form.

GOVERNMENT WHITEWASH

We give below the formula for
government white wash. We believe
this should be published at least
once every year to encourage its use
on the farm. This is the season
when stables, cellars, fences and oth-
er structures should be whitewashed.
Paint is unusually expensive, hence
the demand for a serviceable white-
wash that can be used as a substi-
tute. Coloring matter may be added
if the user so desires.

Take a half bushel of unslacked
lime, slack in warm water, covering
it during the process to keep in the
steam; strain the liquid thru a fine
sieve or strainer; add a peck of salt
previously well dissolved in warm
water; three pounds of ground rice
boiled to a thin paste and stirred
in boiling hot; half a pound of pow-
dered Spanish whiting and a pound of
glue which has been previously dis-
solved over a slow fire.

Add five gallons of hot water to
the mixture, stir well and let stand
for a few days, covered to keep out
the dirt, strain carefully and apply
hot.

Betty Said She Could Bake

"I knew she never had baked a cake
and I was doubtful. But I told her
to go ahead.

"She got my treasured Royal Cook
Book, my can of Royal Baking Pow-
der and all the fixings—and sailed in.

"Honestly, it was the best cake we
ever had, and now I believe anyone
who tries can bake anything with

Royal Baking Powder

Absolutely Pure

Made from Cream of Tartar derived from grapes

Royal Contains No Alum—

Leaves No Bitter Taste

The Royal Cook Book, containing over 500 recipes for all kinds of cookery, mailed
free. Write for a copy to

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., Dept. H, 135 William Street, New York

AGENTS ARE SCARCE

Five more counties in the state of
Kentucky have lately appropriated
funds for securing county agents;
but the Extension Division of the
College of Agriculture is unable to
find men for these places. Sixty-five
county agents are already busy on
their jobs at the present time. This
means that seventy counties, more
than one half of the State of Ken-
tucky, are striving to make farming
a better business for both the big
and the little farmer.

MOUNTAIN ADVOCATE OFFERS
Excellent Magazine and News Paper
Combinations

Please note that when we quote
the rate of magazine or newspaper
the Mountain Advocate is included
in the price quoted.

Mountain Advocate and Thrice-a-
Week Edition New York World, per
year, \$2.00

Or Southern Agriculturist, per
year, \$1.75

Or Farmer's Home Journal, Peo-
ple's Popular Monthly, The House-
hold, Home Life, and The Gentle-
woman, all per year, \$2.75

Or The Cincinnati Post, per
year, \$4.75

Or Louisville Evening Post, per
year, \$5.25

Or Louisville Herald, Daily, per
year, \$5.25

For Daily and Sunday Edition, per
year, \$7.25

Or Louisville Courier Journal, or
Louisville Times, Daily, per
year, \$5.25

Daily and Sunday Edition per
year, \$7.25

Or Cincinnati Times Star, per
year, \$4.65

We again draw your attention to
the fact that the Mountain Advocate
is included in these rates.

Fred Barman, Publisher.

DON'T YOU WISH YOU HAD SOME

The following letter is the reply
of Mr. Fenley following an offer to
purchase his First National Bank
Stock. Mr. Fenley is Chairman of
Board, National Bank of Kentucky,
Louisville.

Mr. Robert Cole, First National
Bank, Barbourville, Kentucky.
Dear Sir:—Replying to yours of
May 28th, will say that I have no de-
sire to sell my 10 shares of stock in
your bank. I am very glad to re-
tain it as I consider it a safe and
profitable investment.

From the statement inclosed as of
May 12th, 1919, in connection with
the fact that you are paying 20 per
cent dividend, I believe the price
mentioned is not enough for the
stock. I should think it worth fully
\$400 a share.

With kindest regards and best
wishes for continued success, I am,
Yours very truly, Oscar Fenley.

Our philosopher says: There
ain't any use fussin' about the
weather. In fact, the fellow who
finds fault with the weather, usually
finds fault with everything else in
life.

CONGRESSMAN ROBISON HAS AN AMBITIOUS ROAD PROGRAM

The Advocate predicted when
Congressman J. M. Robison went to
Washington we should hear the hum
of his work motors down here in the
mountains of Kentucky. U. S. A.
Last week we stated he was putting
forward a Pension Bill for Spanish
American, including Philippine, war
veterans.

This week the report comes from
Washington that our Congressman
has found time to work out and in-
troduce a Road Improvement Bill for
the dizzy sum of \$1,000,000,000,
commonly known but seldom han-
dled, as one billion dollars. Evident-
ly Congressman Robison feels that
the farmers transportation problem
should be handled in a big way and
intends to do it for them.

BIG FARMERS CONVENTION

An opportunity to hear such dis-
tinguished men as Senator Thomas
D. Gore, Gifford Pinchot, Dr. W. J.
Stillman, Milo D. Campbell, John A.
Sparran, Maurice McAniff and Chas.
S. Barrett is offered farmers and
any other citizens who care to hear
them at the Big Farmers Conven-
tion, Saturday, May 31st, at 10 a. m.
Lexington, Kentucky.

WANTED

Carpenters, Boat Builders, Joiners,
Cabinet Makers, Millwrights, Tin-
smiths, Plumbers, Pipefitters, and
Painters for work on high class
yachts and phonograph cabinets.
Steady work. Our shops are sani-
tary, light and steam heated.

The Matthews Company, Port
Clinton, Ohio. 28-31.

FEELING BLUE? LIVER LAZY? TAKE A CALOTAB

Wonderful How Young and Ener-
getic You Feel After Taking This
Venusian Calomet Tablet.

If you have not tried Calotabs you
have a delightful surprise awaiting
you. The wonderful liver cleansing
and system purifying properties of
calomet may now be enjoyed with-
out the slightest unpleasantness. A
Calotab at bedtime with a swallow
of water—that's all. No taste, no
salts, nor the slightest unpleasant ef-
fects. You wake up in the morning
feeling so good that you want laugh
about it. Your liver is clean, your
system is purified, your appetite
hearty. But what you wish—no
danger. The next time you feel lazy
morn, nervous, blue or discouraged
give your liver a thorough cleansing
with a Calotab. They're so perfect
that your druggist is authorized to
refund the price as a guarantee that
you will be delighted.

Calotabs are sold only in original,
sealed packages. Price thirty-five
cents. At all drug stores. (adv.)

MORE ABOUT THE TENT MEETING

Local people have secured a Farm-
ers Community Meeting for three
days at some point in the county
during the coming summer. This
Meeting will be one of a series cov-
ering about sixty counties in the
state and will be held under canvas.

This campaign of many strong
farmers meetings was launched a-
bout the first of the year by the
State Development Committee of the
Board of Trade of Louisville. A
little later the support and co-opera-
tion of the Kentucky Bankers' As-
sociation was secured, thus making
the movement a real state-wide af-
fair. A fund of \$25,000 was secured
to give these meetings a firm finan-
cial backing and assure their success.

The programs will be absolutely
free and open to the public each
day beginning at about 2:30 o'clock
and 8 p. m. No program will be at-
tempted in the morning to allow the
farmers and their families to keep
the necessary work going on the
farm and in the home. These pro-
grams will be furnished by the Un-
iversity of Kentucky, the College of
Agriculture, the Extension Division,
the State Departments of Education,
Agriculture, Roads and Health and
the same departments of the govern-
ment at Washington.

Besides the speakers on the 8 p.
m. program, it is planned to have
an hour of motion pictures which
will help the audiences understand
what is being done in human and
animal health, in agriculture, in
nursing and in better education of
the boys and girls in the country.

A meeting of this kind besides
bringing all the helpful government
agencies close to the farmers, will
be a pleasant meeting place for the
people of the county. In fact it
will give the people an opportunity
to get together to help make the
state a bigger and better state now
that war activities are no longer
necessary.

NATION WIDE CONTEST

A noncollegiate Live Stock Judg-
ing Contest will be staged at this
year's International Live Stock Ex-
position during the first week in
December.

After a due process of elimina-
tion at the County and State Fairs
the Champion Team from each
State will be sent to this, "The
World's Greatest Live Stock Show"
to compete for grand champion hon-
ors. This interesting feature was
added at the earnest solicitation of
the United States Department of
Agriculture and the Federal Board
of Vocational Education. Owing to
the keen rivalry that is bound to re-
sult the contest will naturally arouse
a nation wide interest.

Several scholarships and many
valuable premiums will be awarded
to the fortunate contestants.

Our philosopher says: Tryin' to
figure every thing out on a dollar
an' cents basis is a dangerous busi-
ness, because there's thousands of
things worth more'n money.

PERFECT HEALTH WILL BE YOURS.
When using the old-fashioned and reliable
herbal compound used in early days.
Pioneer Health Herbs
Cleanses stomach, liver, kidneys, bowels,
purifies blood. Thousands praise it. Send for
sample and book. No other 50 cents. Agent
wanted, write for terms. G. TOTTEN,
3126 Eleventh Street, Washington, D.C.

Professional Cards

V. C. McDONALD

Attorney at Law

Office in Lewis Bldg.

Special attention given to collection of
claims, mortgages, and abstract-
ing deeds, probate, and all correctly.

J. M. ROBISON

LAWYER

Office over First National Bank
BARBOURVILLE, KENTUCKY

A. L. PARKER

DENTIST

Office, second floor Parker Bldg.
Phones: Office 26, Res. 26.
BARBOURVILLE, KENTUCKY

F. R. BURTON

Physician and Surgeon

Office over Harnden's Dry Goods
Store

Office Phone 226 Residence 223
Barbourville

SOL T. STEELE

LAWYER

BARBOURVILLE, KENTUCKY
2nd Floor, L. C. Miller Building

Sale Bills

FOR SALE — Steam Mill, Boiler
and Engine, practically new, Good Set
French Burr. Will sell cheap. See
T. S. Hignite, near L. & N. Depot,
Barbourville, Kentucky. 28-31.

WANTED

Good boy or girl who has com-
pleted school work and wishes to
learn the printing business. Wages
small but chance offered to acquire
a trade. Mountain Advocate, Bar-
bourville, Ky. 28-31

WANTED

Men or women to take orders among
friends and neighbors for the gen-
uine guaranteed hosiery, full line
for men, women and children. El-
iminates darning. We pay 50cts an
hour for spare time, or \$24 a week
for full time. Experience unneces-
sary. Write, International Stock-
ing Mill, Norristown, Pa. 29-35

FARM FOR SALE

220 acres, 25 miles north of Louis-
ville, Ky., about 90 acres cleared,
half creek bottom, balance rolling
to a little rough with lots of timber.
Good 7 room frame house, good barn
all kinds good outbuildings, orchard
plenty good water. Dirt cheap at
\$30 per acre. Write owner for full
description.

A. B. Rickard, Pekin, Ind. 29-31

PUBLIC SALE

Individually and as Guardian for
the Infant Children of E. G. How-
ard, deceased, I will sell at Public
Auction on Saturday May 17th, 1919
about the hour of 11 a. m. all of
the standing poplar trees on about
five hundred acres of land on the
South Side of Pine Mountain near
the Station of Moline on the Louis-
ville and Nashville Rail Road
Company's line. — Sale to be in
front of the Moline Depot.

This is practically virgin forest
and is joint property owned by the
undersigned and his wards.

Purchaser will be prepared to give
security for the purchase price and
the terms will be three, six, nine
and twelve months interest bearing
notes. Written contract to govern
further specifications.

James E. Howard, for Him-
self and as Guardian. 26-31.

There are all kinds
of cheap printing—
but none of it is real-
ly cheap—at least
not on a basis of
value. Cheap stuff
is usually worth al-
most what it costs.
Our printing isn't
the cheapest you
can get, but it's as
good as the best.

I Owe My Life to PERUNA

Mr. McKinley's letter brings cheer to all who may be sufferers as he was. Read it:

"I can't really say that I owe my life to Peruna. After some of the best doctors in the country gave me up and told me I could not live another month, Peruna saved me. Travelling from town to town, throughout the country and having to go into all kinds of badly heated stores and buildings, sometimes standing up for hours at a time while playing my trade as auctioneer, it is only natural that I had colds frequently; so when this would occur I paid little attention to it, until last December when I contracted a severe case, which through neglect on my part settled on my lungs. When almost too late, I began doctoring, but, without avail, until I heard of Peruna. It cured me; so I cannot praise it too highly."

It Cured Me

Mr. Samuel McKinley, 3507 E. 12th St., Kansas City, Mo., Member of the Society of U. S. Jewelry Auctioneers.

Sold Everywhere.
Tablet or Liquid Form

OVER-ACIDITY

of the stomach has upset many a night's rest. If your stomach is acid-disturbed, dissolve two or three

KI-MOIDS

on the tongue before retiring and enjoy refreshing sleep. The purity and goodness of KI-MOIDS guaranteed by

SCOTT & BOWNE
MAKERS OF SCOTT'S EMULSION

Boyd Cobb, of Sprine, was here Monday purchasing.

W. B. Riley returned Monday from Knoxville.

Charles Hingham and Joe Hinkle spent Sunday in Pineville.

W. H. Green spent the week end in Harboursville.

Rev. F. W. Harris, of Harlan, was here this week.

Rev. A. H. Guyn has taken the agency for the Pineville laundry.

Mrs. M. J. Sewell and Miss Nelle Jones are to spend the summer in Middleboro.

Miss Jessie Lyn Baker, of Pineville, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Lynn Golden.

The Gibson family has moved back into part of the old home, the Robison property.

Other Monday visitors to town were, Gill Cobb and Jim Menden, of Iryants Store, buying feed.

Mrs. A. Y. Anderson had the misfortune to sprain her ankle Saturday necessitating using crutches.

Flue trouble at the Hickory Mill stopped work Monday. It is seldom that the machinery at this institution gives trouble.

C. A. Sniders, who is manufacturing charcoal at Home, Clay County, was in town Monday buying supplies. It is understood he is getting along nicely in his business.

21 WHITE SHOE DRESSING

KEEP YOUR SHOES NEAT

THE F. F. DALLEY COMPANY, 1711, BUFFALO, N. Y.

WANTED

About 20 Good Miners, Good men making \$10 to \$15 a day. Working solid time.

New Bell Jellico Coal Co.
Bell Jellico, Ky.

Abe L. Herndon, of Kansas City, Mo., in renewing his subscription to the Advocate, says he likes to hear from his "old Kentucky home."

The many friends of H. N. Germett, who was recently operated on in Louisville will be pleased to see that he is home again, looking as fine as a fiddle.

Mrs. Alex T. Smith, recently bereaved of her husband, left Monday for Ewing, Va. to stay with her mother.

A telephone message from St. John's Institute, Corbin, to Fred Purman states that Bishop Burton, of the Episcopal Diocese of Lexington, will deliver the Baccalaureate sermon at St. John's Church, Friday morning, at 11 o'clock. The rest of the ceremonies will take place in the evening.

CARD OF THANKS

We wish to thank our friends for their kindness to us in our bereavement at the death of my husband and our son, and for the many beautiful flowers.

Mrs. Alex T. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Jim Smith.

IS INVESTIGATING CANNING

J. M. Messer, of Hymar, who was here Monday says crops are looking fair. He will have a few peaches this year but no apples. One of the things to be wiped out in this section he says, is waste and he is investigating the benefits of canning for fruit and vegetables. Mr. Messer is on the right track since, with proper canning and labels, there will be big markets, not only in town but at the mines.

DONALDSON - KING

The marriage of George Arthur King, of Richland, and Miss Lethe Donaldson, of Knox Fork, took place at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. D. T. Wilson, on College Street, at 9 p. m. Monday June 2nd. Rev. R. L. Creal performed the ceremony which made the young couple man and wife. They left later for a honeymoon in Louisville. The many friends of these estimable young people will wish them every happiness in their married life.

BIRTHS

Born to Mr. and Mrs. P. Philip, a girl, Camille H.

To Mr. and Mrs. Anthony Payne, a boy, Arthur Timan.

To Mr. and Mrs. Charley G. Jackson, Swan Lake, a girl, Annie Ruth.

To Mr. and Mrs. Frank Shorter, a boy, Joseph.

To Mr. and Mrs. Forest Unthank a girl, Axie.

To Mr. and Mrs. John R. Ferret, (colored) a boy, George Edward.

To Mr. and Mrs. Joseph W. Jones a boy, Alex Rath.

To Mr. and Mrs. Jsson Higgins, a boy, still-born.

To Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Sealf, a boy, Willie.

To Mr. and Mrs. Chester Petere, a boy, still-born.

To Mr. and Mrs. Clark Mills, a boy, Frank.

To Mr. and Mrs. Geo. W. Downey a girl, Minnie May.

To Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Philpott, a boy, Clarence.

To Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Archer, a girl.

To Mr. and Mrs. Will Hurst, a girl, Gladys.

LAMB AND EWE PASTURAGE

Early spring pasturages of rye or wheat which should not be over pastured; oats and Canadian field peas sown together early in the spring, one and one half bushels of each of the acre. This will make a following crop for the rye and wheat.

Rape, 6 or 8 pounds to the acre, will provide later pasturage.

Soy beans and cow peas make an excellent mid summer pasture. If sowed later they make a good forage crop in late summer and early fall. Sown in corn they serve as an excellent supplement to the corn for fattening lambs.

By alternating the grazing, stomach worms are practically controlled.

Lambs make the cheapest gain during the first four months of their lives. For fattening lambs a green feed of corn, oats and bran, fed in a crech, is recommended, clean fresh feed only being culled for.

The best weight for the market is 60 to 75 pounds.

Do You Live in the Mountains?

Mountain Summer School

With Chautauqua Features
BEREA COLLEGE, BEREA, KENTUCKY
June 6 to July 11 and July 11 to August 15

Pleasure and profit for aspiring teachers, business men, farmers, discharged soldiers, house-keepers, Christian workers, "Something good for every corner!"

Daily discussions of things important for the mountains, meeting mountain leaders from eight states.

Berea Faculty includes many of the greatest educators and speakers of the south, and summer brings in other noted men moving pictures, entertainments, music.

Berea is religious, non-sectarian, "works with all followers of Christ." Tobacco prohibited.

Best location, climate and equipment.

The prices are made right for young folks just getting a start—cheaper than staying at home."

Address the Secretary, Marshall E. Vaughn,
(Adv.) 26-5t Berea, Kentucky.

Personal Mention

D. F. Johnson, a Lexington oil man is in town.

Four oil rigs are running on Little Richland.

Calvin Blanton, of Gibbs, was here Tuesday.

Dr. T. G. Vicks, of Grays, was here on business Monday.

Charlie Cole is back from Cincinnati where he went on oil business.

A. R. Jones returned from Richmond Monday.

Mrs. J. P. King is visiting her mother at Four Mile this week.

Now lets everybody look at the Court House Clock.

T. C. Moore is staying at Ashville N. C. on account of his health.

When ready to fire at a bird — don't.

S. H. Jones was in Cincinnati this week.

W. J. Hammons, of Fount, was a visitor to town Saturday.

Mr. Wm. Luck will spend several months visiting in Kansas City.

H. Crodin, of Ingram, Greasy Creek, was here on business Tuesday.

D. C. Payne is visiting his son at Knoxville, and daughter at Harborman, Tenn.

W. P. Garrard and wife of Garrard, were in town Tuesday enroute home from Louisville.

Miss Jessie Lynn Baker, of Pineville, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Lynn Golden.

Birds of the singing variety are the farmers friends, consequently, yours also.

Judge W. W. Tinsley who has been confined to his bed with rheumatism, is improving.

W. R. Ray and W. E. McNeill are attending the Bankers Association meeting at Shelbyville this week.

Mr. W. M. King and wife from the oil fields in Lee County are visiting their parents here this week.

Herndon and Payne now have their drug and jewelry store in nice shape for business.

T. D. Tinsley is taking up his brick walk and is putting down cement.

Mrs. Mollie Herndon, of Stier, has been the guest of her cousin, Mrs. R. W. Cole.

Mrs. Thomas H. Hayden, Jr., was brought home from Louisville on the early morning train Sunday and is doing nicely.

The Civic League begs you to get a fly trap and use fly paper. This is a bad fly year and it will need united effort to destroy the pests.

Wm. H. Smith, a railroad man of Pineville, and Miss Maggie Willis, of Virginia, were married by Rev. H. L. Creal on May 25th.

Mr. J. E. King and wife from the oil fields in Lee County, are here this week visiting their parents, Mr. and Mrs. John King.

The mud of the Public Square will soon be a thing of the past as street work is in full swing. Other street work is progressing favorably.

For Singer Sewing Machines call at the J. P. Hawn Store Building, Liberty St. Credit, Installing Plan or 20 per cent off for cash.

A. P. Wilson, Agent. 31-1f

Mrs. Grace K. Rawlings asks that all school girls who are interested in Canning and Home Demonstration work will meet her at the school, Friday, June 6th at 9 a. m.

What does your conscience say when you shoot a little song bird? Bully! But not in the house in which Theodore Roosevelt used the word.

The Baccalaureate sermon at the Baptist Church Sunday morning which was preached by Dr. J. M. Roday of Middleboro was a masterly effort and greatly appreciated by a crowded church.

The Civic League is running slides at the Star Theatre showing things about the fly everyone should know. Monday and Friday nights is the time to see them. At the last demonstration H. W. Cole explained the slides.

Among those who attended the funeral of Alex T. Smith were Mr. and Mrs. G. Blessings, Middleboro, Mr. and Mrs. John Blessings, Ewing, Va., Walter Blessings, Pennington Gap, Va., Ben Blessings, Middleboro, Richmond Blessings, Ewing, Va., Mrs. V. J. Smith, Pineville.

Mr. and Mrs. V. D. Jackson, of Baileys Switch, visited their daughter, Mrs. W. E. McNeill, Sunday. Edgar Jarvis, of Lynch, a brother in law, and Mrs. W. H. Buchanan, a sister, were also guests at the same time.

While the fine old soldiers who fought that the Union might live, were, thru infirmity, unable to take part in Decoration Day exercises, it will be a comfort to them to feel that those who are sleeping the last sleep were not forgotten, a flag and in many cases flowers, being placed on the grave of each dead hero.

Mr. Clarence L. Banks, formerly General Manager of the Ford Motor Co., Louisville, Ky., has recently purchased an interest in the Hickory Plant of T. W. Minton & Son. They will enlarge the business and install additional machinery at once. We are glad to welcome Mr. Banks as a citizen to Harboursville, and wish him much success in his new home.

Women!

Here is a message to suffering women, from Mrs. W. T. Price, of Public, Ky.: "I suffered with painful..." she writes. "I got down with a weakness in my back and limbs... I felt helpless and discouraged... I had about given up hopes of ever being well again, when a friend insisted I

Take CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

I began Cardui. In a short while I saw a marked difference... I grew stronger right along, and it cured me. I am stouter than I have been in years. If you suffer, you can appreciate what it means to be strong and well. Thousands of women give Cardui the credit for their good health. It should help you. Try Cardui. At all druggists. E-73

FARMERS ATTENTION!

We are now able to insure your property against fire. You have not been able to insure your property but we now have a company who will carry same. We are the only agency who can insure you against fire.

See us at once.

G. L. DICKINSON & CO.

Barboursville, Kentucky

OUR FREE DELIVERY

At Your Service Twice A Day

Time of Delivery 8:30 a. m. to 10:30 a. m.
2:30 p. m. to 4:30 p. m.

We carry a full line of High-Class Groceries at Reasonable Prices.

Clothing, Shoes and Notions

J. R. MILLER & SONS.

Our philosopher says, "Don't worry. If you can't read, you can't waste time worrying. If you can't help a thing, what's the use of worrying?"

WANTED

Carpenters, Boat Builders, Joiners, Cabinet Makers, Millwrights, Tin-Smiths, Plumbers, Pipefitters, and Painters for work on high class yachts and phonograph cabinets. Steady work. Our shops are sanitary, light and steam-heated. The Matthews Company, Port Clinton, Ohio. 17-7t

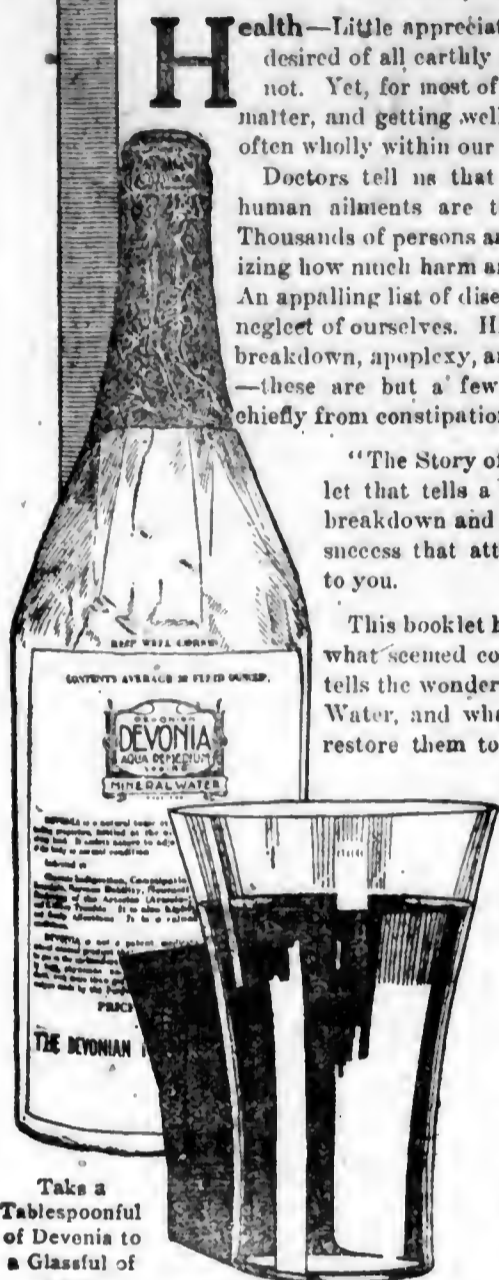
OIL MEN ATTENTION

We Have On Hand 1,000 Oil Lamp Glunks. Better Get Some Now. Avoid Being Out When The Rush Which Is Coming Arrives. The Advocate.

Jas. A. West of Lay, Ky., was in town Monday. He is working on behalf of the July Tent Meeting. Mr. West is a young appearing man but says his mother numbers 77 years young, can walk better than many young 'uns, spins, knits, can thread her own needle, and in fact is round out a useful and good life by staying useful and good. The mothers of men are the salt of the earth.

DEVONIAN

The Story of a Well Man



Health—Little appreciated when we have it. Most desired of all earthly possessions when we have it not. Yet, for most of us, keeping well is a simple matter, and getting well again when we are sick, is often wholly within our power.

Doctors tell us that about nine out of ten of human ailments are the result of constipation. Thousands of persons are constipated without realizing how much harm and even danger may result. An appalling list of diseases have their start in this neglect of ourselves. High blood pressure, nervous breakdown, apoplexy, arterio sclerosis, rheumatism—these are but a few of the many that result chiefly from constipation.

"The Story of a Well Man" is a helpful, entertaining booklet that tells a true story of a man suffering from nervous breakdown and high blood pressure in search of health. The success that attended his efforts has a personal application to you.

This booklet has been the means of helping thousands from what seemed confirmed invalidism to robust health. It also tells the wonderful story of Devonian, the American Medicinal Water, and what it has done for those who needed help to restore them to sound health.

In some way Devonian seems to get right at the root of physical troubles, and banishes their cause, thus restoring the bodily functions to normal activity and vigor. Devonian is prescribed and recommended by our most highly esteemed physicians.

If you are suffering from some ailment for which you have not been able to secure desired relief, try Devonian—a tablespoonful in a glass of water. We believe you will find the results most beneficial. Anyway, learn more about it by sending for "The Story of a Well Man." A copy will be sent you free.

Devonian is on sale at all drug stores.

THE DEVONIAN MINERAL SPRING CO., Incorporated, Owensboro, Ky.

Please send me your free booklet, "The Story of a Well Man," telling of Devonian, the wonderful American Medicinal Mineral Water, and what it has done.

NAME _____

ADDRESS _____

Executive Offices: Owensboro, Ky. Louisville Office: 1415 Inter-Southern Building
Spring and Bottling Plant, Loris, Ohio Laboratories, Cleveland, Ohio.

CANNON NEWS

Wm. G. Martin spent Sunday at Grays with friends.

Joe Patterson and family, of Highland Park, spent Sunday with D. H. Ridner.

Josh Shoup and wife, of Barbourville took Sunday dinner with the family of Geo. McDonald.

Wanted—about 16 young fellows to get themselves an "owl hood" of any caliber, and promenade up and down the public roads of the County and shoot at regular intervals of one second, between 10 p. m. and 2 a. m. It is lonesome in the country at this time of year and we need amusement but the main reason we want them is to assure ourselves that we still have in our midst some of the high type of civilization. To show good faith each applicant must have a pint of old "moonshine" in his left hip pocket. Now don't crowd "gents" stay in line.

The editor of the Advocate in last week's issue made some remarks in regard to Clay County making arrangements to build pikes to the County border. If it is by any chance, (remote or otherwise) possible for Knox County to build a pike up Little Richland Creek and to the Clay County line and connect Barbourville and Manchester any citizen can see the great and good advantage of such a route. Any one who has been over this route is undoubtedly convinced that this is the worst expense for a road in this County and that nine months of the year it is almost impassable for a load heavier than an empty wagon to travel it. If Mr. Burman or any other genius can suggest a remedy we along this route are strong for it. We people are surely for progress in this Co. and we surely need better roads. Then if this is a fact, as it surely is, why not get together and build roads? Why can't we vote bonds or raise the money in some way to get at these matters in the right way and then after we raise the

money use it to build roads and not spend it all for surveying routes and other preliminaries? As long as it goes along this way we will never reach the main issue. We may never expect the militia to keep the roads along the main travel routes in condition satisfactory to heavy traffic because in the first place the proper material is not available and in the second place the majority are not willing to do good honest work. I ask the men who pretend to "work" the roads if this is not the fact.

The editor of the Advocate knows the people of Knox County are ready for good roads. First, because they voted a bond issue for good roads, secondly, all sensible people who have to travel over roads as much as do farmers, surely want them as good as possible.

May the editor suggest that the farmers of the section mentioned get together at their school houses or one central school house and form a Farmers Good Roads Association? Then appoint a committee to find out from the Fiscal Court how much money they can raise on the 20c road tax. Put the matter up to Mr. Wiley, State Commissioner of Roads, at Frankfort, and ask his expert advice, laying the situation before him frankly. The first step must be made before any progress can take place and the only people who can agree to a 20c tax for roads are the farmers themselves.

It may be engineering assistance might be given by the State, but the editor, who has had a hand in road building himself, believes that more money would be wasted by not having competent engineers than would be paid for their services.

The section mentioned has an excellent opportunity to start a movement that would spread all over the county if put into effect and the editor can state from personal experience, that much good work can be done with the 20c tax.

How much can be done, however, depends largely on what material exists with which to build roads with a surface.

The editor is sincerely anxious for the betterment of conditions in Knox County and would like to see the farmers take action. Men generally have to lift themselves by their own boot straps.

JARVIS STORE NEWS

Jennie May and Annie Lee visited Mrs. Alice Jarvis last Thursday.

Grant Helton returned home Saturday from Telfa, Ky.

Mat Young's little boy Willie enjoyed himself fishing Saturday afternoon.

Robert Helton and wife of Tuttle Ky., visited Mrs. Mary Helton at Cranes Nest Monday.

Robert Lee, who was unfortunately enough to cut his foot very bad is now doing nicely.

Mr. and Mrs. John Stewart, of Ohio, visited Frank Black Saturday and Sunday.

The farmers of this place have been busy killing weeds the past week. Crops and gardens are looking fairly well.

Mrs. Nancy Fee and daughter, Bertha, also Miss Elsie Hutson, of Kentonia, Ky., are visiting friends and relatives this week at Jarvis Store and Cranes Nest.

Gladys Helton returned home Saturday from a two weeks visit at Washington, Calvin and other points in Bell County.

Mr. and Mrs. Haywood Marlon and daughter, May, of Girdler, visited Mr. and Mrs. Levi Lee Saturday and Sunday and had a delightful time enjoying music and catching fresh fish.

NOTICE

All persons having claims against the estate of A. J. Hughes, deceased, will file same before me on or before August 10, 1919. C. G. Cole, Administrator.

Soviet—Madden

Miss Marena Boyer and Mr. Wm. Madden were quietly married, Tuesday, May the twentieth, at Connors, Nebraska.

Mrs. Madden, who is the daughter of Mr. Alex Sevier, a prominent citizen, is one of Barbourville's most attractive and accomplished girls. She has been teaching in Kansas for two years and while there met Mr. Madden.

Mr. Madden is a wealthy wheat farmer of Kansas. He will join his wife here in two weeks for a visit with her family. Mr. and Mrs. Madden will reside after July the first at Hays, Kansas.

HOG SCRATCH POST SCRATCHINGS

Widow Lucinda Ferris has planted some Sudan-grass for fodder.

Clarley Topping wore her new wig for Easter service. It is a work of art and is fadeless.

Young Mike Jenkins is raising some fine sheep which he says heats houn dogs for profit in Knox Co.

Pernina Smith threw a cat fit when she read what your correspondent had to say about Bill Blivens treating her to chewing gum. She said just when she was loosening Bill up a bit, here we come and yawn and spoil the whole thing. Sorry, but truth is mightier than the sword, Pernina.

Hiram Kinshaw says sweet potatoes look good to him for this year and he's glad he isn't the Kaiser anyway. Mrs. Hiram was busy during the week helping Widow Davis take care of her three sick young uns.

Heck Hicks attended the movies at Barbourville last week and has been practicing Charlie Chaplin ever since. Heck's fet would be a fortune to him in the movies if his doggone face didn't scare the kids.

The Ladlea Aid Social would have been a success but some thief swiped several of the heat cakes. Bill Blivens had to have the doctor the same night. Acute indigestion.

Jim Slacker's mudhole was filled up last week by the road working gang and Jim has lost his only visible means of support. Autos don't stop there now.

Young Bill Hutson has some durro Jerseys he wouldn't trade for a house and lot in Barbourville. He is a member of the Boys Pig Club and some member at that.

Bill Jenkins says grape culture will be a winner since prohibition will create a big demand for the juice. He feels Kentucky can supply all the grape juice used in the State without sending to California. The Agricultural Department will supply instructions how to make it.

Willie Simple says he was in Barbourville and saw a woman with her ankles tied together, because she couldn't scarce walk. The women say it is the new style, but Willie says she must have been doing it for a bet.

A line boy was born to John Luck-y Thursday night. He says he don't want another in a hurry the boy having an awful time waiting for the doctor to repair his auto so often and him worried stiff.

Jim Jipson, our mechanical genius, has invented a aeroplane and was taken to Louisville to have pieces of it removed from his anatomy. The same young fellow recently invented a milking machine which worked fine only he got two ribs broke. He hopes to make a fortune from his inventions if he lives long enough. The cow kicked him.

Old man Barker's boy who heat his dad at raising corn last year has his dad trying his system this year. Barker says you may not be able to teach an old dog new tricks but he ain't no dog.

Humdinger.

"T B" STOCK GOES SOUTH

Tennessee purchasers of dairy cattle have lately found that many animals from a recent shipment from Illinois have tuberculosis. Three earloads tested by inspectors of the Tennessee Department of Agriculture and the Federal Bureau of Animal Industry showed from 60 to 90 per cent of the animals with "T B." Pending outcome of a searching investigation by the Bureau of Animal Industry, persons about to buy stock, especially dairy stock, are cautioned to be certain what they are buying and from whom they are buying.

Aubrey E. Chesnut returned on Wednesday from Newport News where he was recently discharged from the Medical Corps. Aubrey was one of the first Knox County boys to enter the service. He has been in France several months. His many friends will be glad to welcome him home.

FLAUNT WEALTH DUE TO WAR

Extravagances indulged in by Japan's "Newly Rich" Have Brought Forth Bitter Condemnation.

Mr. Shiomi, a Tokyo barrister, in the Horitsu Shimbun (Law Journal) refers to some remarkable examples of the extravagance indulged in by certain "narikin." It is said that a well-known mine owner in Kyushu gave a dinner party in Tokyo recently to 50 guests at 300 yen a head. The enterer, somewhat at a loss to know how to "go the limit," provided a "geisha" for each guest, engaging all the most expensive members of the profession who were available.

A Kobe "narikin" entertained some guests to dinner at a Tokyo restaurant the other day, the cost per head being 100 yen. A "fun-narikin," during a stay at Hsiao, ordered by telephone from a Tokyo restaurant two dishes of "mogodomuri" on condition that the food should arrive hot after traveling about 100 miles. The proprietor of the restaurant took the order, engaged a motorcar, fixed up a "bibachi" to keep the food hot, and delivered the goods at the mountain resort in two hours and a half, returning with 200 yen in his pocket.

Mr. Shiomi fears there will be many more cases of crazy waste of money by "narikin," who, he says, are stingy enough in donating money for the relief of the poor or sufferers from calamities. "They are simply madmen whose actions corrupt public manners and morals."

The Tokyo barrister thinks that just as it was legal under the feudal system to confiscate the property of such swollen-headed men, it would be advisable today to levy a heavy impost upon them so that they may be prevented from repeating such foolish actions as those referred to.

HOW TO TRAP SUCCESSFULLY

Two Ways of Taking the Wary Mink—Snare Into Which "Brer Fox" May Fall.

If a mink makes a hole through a snowdrift he will use it again and a trap set in it will catch him.

After cold weather sets in, when settling in shallow water for mink, choose a place where the current runs swiftly and is not likely to freeze up.

When trapping foxes use a No. 2 double spring trap. This style of trap is known as "the fox trap."

If you wish to be real foxy and cunning yourself, try setting three traps, one in an old path without any covering, and one on each side, skillfully covered. The fox will give all his attention to the uncovered trap and by going around it may step into one of these on the side.

It is not much use to try to trap foxes or any other such wary animal without a good scent.

An ear of corn stuck in the mud near a trap makes an excellent bait for coons.

One of the best places to look for coon signs is in a cornfield.

Marie's American Anthem.

In far away France little Marie, aged six, visited the Red Cross hospital near her home every day, and became very popular with the convalescent American soldiers there. She soon became very good friends with the soldiers and they delighted to teach her scraps of English. When they sang she joined them in their American songs. One day, in Marie's school, teacher asked her class the title of America's national anthem. The class looked blank, until Marie, with a flash of inspiration, jumped to her feet and announced, "Hill-Hill! the Gang's All Here," in quaint, rolling English.

Heating the House.

The proper temperature for various rooms of the home are as follows: The living room should be 70 degrees, no more. It should be occasionally aired so that it does not become close, but the doors should be kept closed into the hall. The dining room and kitchen should be heated to 65 degrees. Most kitchens rise higher than that. The bedrooms should be heated not at all, except for the little time that the occupants use them for dressing. The bathroom should be made as warm as you choose and the bath should be given no special heat, as we are always exercising when we are going through them.

Clever Engineering Feat.

Bisecting long bouts so that they could be taken through the Welland canal was considered an interesting feat a short time ago, but this has been surpassed, according to the Popular Mechanics Magazine. The Charles R. Van Hise, a 10,000-ton boat, was wanted for Atlantic service. It had a 50-foot beam, whereas the canal is only 44 feet wide. The boat was cut in two, and each half was turned on its side in order to be taken through the locks. Floating in this position each section cleared the lock sides by just 8 inches.

Thanks Many Will Fly.

The principal of one of the chief American schools for airplane mechanics thinks that flying is going to be the next great American amusement. He reminds us that our aviation corps has contained a great many young men of large wealth who have shown themselves good sportsmen. They can afford to buy and maintain their own machines and, having become accustomed to a speed of a hundred and fifty miles an hour, will find the ordinary modes of travel tame.—Youth's Companion.

KOLDIKOFF'S LETTER

Meudon-La-Tour, France, May 2, '19.

Dear friends in the U. S. A. I left my home April 1918 to aid my country to victory.

At Camp Taylor, Kentucky, after two weeks, I was promoted to Corporal to help in drilling new recruits. My comrades that came to camp with me from Knox County were all taken away and I have been a lone star since.

Five months passed away and then I was transferred to Fort Benjamin Harrison, Indiana. There I was promoted to Sergeant in the 22nd Engineers and a few days later to Sergeant 1st Class. My work mostly was drilling soldiers.

I did not get the opportunity to visit home like a good many did although I realize that my duty needed me more.

We were taken to Camp Merritt, New Jersey, and soon found ourselves ready to march to the Hudson river.

We left the States starting from New York Sept. 1st, 1918. There were thirteen ships in our convoy, thirteen days on the water and landed in England the thirteenth of the month. Thirteen must have been our lucky number.

I never will forget the name "Tel-e-phobus." Ha, ha.

We landed in Liverpool, England, went across England in side-door pullmans to Southampton, then we hiked four hours in heavy rain at night to sleep in a shed two hours.

We crossed the English Channel the following night to La Havre, France. Rode in side-door pullmans to the front, (or near in St. Mihiel sector.) We were under shell fire from the enemy from that date until the armistice was signed. We slept in dugouts when we had the opportunity and were in the front trenches when the armistice was signed. Slept when we could and fought the same way.

Suro was quiet Nov. 11-11-19. I was nearly beside myself, ha, ha!

I will be glad to tell anything I know about "over here" when I return. We are going to have a parade tomorrow morning in Meudon-La-Tour, France, then we will soon be on our way to the States. My love to all. Sergeant 1st Class John D. Gross, Co. "L", 4th B 22 Engrs. A. E. F.

FARMERS INSTITUTE

Mr. B. J. Sandman, representative of the Louisville Board of Trade and the Kentucky Bankers Association, was here Monday in the interests of the Farmers Institute which is to be put on at Barbourville on July 17th, 18th, and 19th.

Knox County will be joined up with Bell and Clay for these meetings which will be held in tents, a big tent for the main meetings and smaller tents for demonstration work.

There will be a change of program each day for three days, with one hour devoted to motion pictures which will illustrate various farm problems and activities.

These meetings will be held each afternoon at 3 o'clock and each evening at 8 o'clock, with both State and National speakers carrying out the program.

The demonstrations will be practical and interesting and especially adapted to the problems of Knox County.

PROGRESS MADE IN GARDEN WORK

Retired Farmer Resumes Homes Duties After Using Trutona a Week

Owensboro, Ky. June 5, 1919.

"I'm able to get out in the garden and work now—the first work I've done in four months," Walter Sanduela, a well known retired farmer residing at 1310 Hatbaway St., Owensboro, said recently. Mr. Sanduela has been a resident of Owensboro for the past 14 years.

"Work's really a pleasure for me, since I've taken Trutona," he continued. "I was suffering from muscular rheumatism. My hands and limbs would swell so badly I could not do anything. I also suffered severe pains in my spinal column and chest. My appetite, why, I didn't eat hardly enough to keep me alive."

"One week ago I was suffering untold agony, but today I feel better than I have in years and Trutona is the reason. The swelling has left my hands and limbs. The pains in my chest have ceased to bother me, too. My appetite is improved, also. I've spent \$1,000 trying to get relief but Trutona has done more for me than all the rest put together. I'm sure Trutona will do the same for others suffering as I did."

Trutona is now being introduced and explained in the Castellow Drug Company, Barbourville.

FARM SUPPLEMENT

The Mountain Advocate.

BARBOURVILLE, KY., FRIDAY, JUNE 6, 1919

One Dollar and Fifty Cents a Year In Advance

Reconstruction Romance

By DORA H. MOLLAN

(Copyright, 1919, by the McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

Just three months from the day on which the armistice was signed a mammoth ship, largest of all things in the world, steamed into the harbor of the metropolis of the Western hemisphere. Every person on the west side of that city was made aware of its approach, for a giant siren cleared its throat and let forth a long-drawn-out bellow, which died down to a gurgle, rose and fell again and again.

The siren, located on the roof of a skyscraper building, was fulfilling a mission quite different from that for which it had been designed. It had been installed to give warning of enemies in the air should they come. German air raids? Who remembered, now, that they had ever been feared?

One of thousands who had helped to make of that fear a thing to be laughed at, and who was now leaning over the rails of the Lexington receiving the tumultuous welcome of flag and steam whistle extended by the city, was Sergt. Charles Brenden, typical of all, for though slight of build and of medium height, he was well set up, with clear blue eyes and possessed of that confident air which belongs to a man who has proved himself equal to any emergency.

It might be hours before they docked. The huge craft was surrounded by tiny, pulling tugs, pushing, jostling and coaxing, like ants as they force an object far larger than themselves to do their will. But they were home—home! And the welcome was all they had dreamed. Eagerly their eyes searched the shores for well-remembered landmarks; gaily they scrambled for the papers, cigarettes and candy thrown on board from the small craft bearing the mayor's committee of welcome.

Charles' thoughts ran on ahead. Of course, after today, things would quiet down. They would entrain for a camp for demobilization. Then to the city—that wonderful city whose jagged skyline he recognized in almost every detail. And right away after that his job in the city office of an out-of-town silk manufacturer.

On Saturday morning Brenden was mustered out, and that afternoon he arrived in town along with many of his comrades. The hurry and bustle, the clatter of the traffic was music to his ears.

The avenue was decorated in his honor. The scene thrilled almost as much as on the day when their ship entered the harbor. Charles crossed to Sixth avenue and took the L—no underground route for him today. To feast his eyes on the life and movement of his native city appealed more than a greater speed.

Alighting at Sixty-sixth street, Charles proceeded straight to his old boarding place. And then the welcome began all over again, for Miss Johnson answered the bell; and she was one of that rare species, a kind-hearted lady. For an elderly splasher her kiss was not a bad imitation of what a mother's might be. Anyway, it seemed like that to Charles, who had no recollections of the genuine thing.

His room was awaiting him, its last occupant having been unceremoniously ousted in his behalf. Everybody rejoiced at his return. Elderly Mr. Beck with him to dinner and a show that night. Sunday was spent in looking up some friends.

So altogether this war veteran of twenty-three was in a happy mood Monday morning when he started down town to see the "boss" about getting back on the job pretty soon and to say "hello" to the office force.

It was so early that only old Gruber, the janitor, was on hand; but he started the welcome and it grew as the force gathered for the daily grind. Only two others besides himself had left the office for the service and he was the first one back. So Charles knew most of the staff and soon met the others. They bombarded him with questions and, of course, were thanked again for his Christmas box.

"But who sent that dandy warm sweater?" Brenden asked. "The card read, 'From a girl with brown eyes.' His eyes followed those of two chaps who stood nearby to the edge of the little group—and straight into those of a girl. She was good to look upon—and Charles looked for long seconds before he felt to the fact that the eyes into which he was so rudely staring were brown and beautiful. Just then the door opened and the group precipitately broke up. The girl was gone, with the rest, and Charles was left standing alone, as the manager entered the room.

Mr. Huber greeted the returned soldier in his usual bluff manner: "What, you back, Brenden?" And after shaking

ing hands added: "Come into my office in five minutes."

Promptly the boy stood before the familiar desk and the boss looked up. "Well, Brenden, what can I do for you?" Huber inquired, after asking some rather perfunctory questions about Charles' experiences, the answers to which did not seem to particularly interest him.

"You can give me my job back again, sir. That's what I came for." Charles had learned to address his superior officers briefly and to the point.

"M-m. Sit down a minute," the manager replied. The minute, and several more, were consumed in an attempt on the part of Huber to convince Charles what an impossible thing that was just now. Office expenses had been cut. The mill was not running full time; orders had fallen off—"the war, you know—ended too soon; business was not prepared for it," etc.

So Charles, one of those who had risked all to end the war "too soon," found himself hoist by his own petard.

Mr. Huber continued, telling him they had filled his place with a girl at \$5 less per week, "and she had proved very satisfactory; perhaps, if the returned soldier was willing to accept a reduction—"

Brenden was not a quick-spoken young man and before, in his righteous wrath, he could frame a fitting reply, something happened.

She of the brown eyes burst into the room, the eyes full of flashing light, and bending them fixedly on the manager said: "I wish to resign immediately, Mr. Huber. Yes, I heard what you said," she continued, not giving the boss a chance to reply; "and what I think I should like to say. I live in the home town of this concern and know the owners. I know the luncheon plan that this office is run on, too, and into whose pocket that five dollars a-week that you knocked off my pay goes. I just took this place to do my share during the war and now I'm going home to rest. If you give Mr. Brenden his job back, with a raise!" and here she glanced for the first time at the soldier—"I'll keep still. If you don't—well, you know the owners' motto is 'A job for every soldier.'"

Huber, grown first red and then white, tried unsuccessfully to meet the angry eyes of the girl. Then, because he knew she had the goods on him, he turned suddenly back to his desk and dug over his shoulder at Brenden: "Report tomorrow morning."

The girl hurried from the room. Brenden, waiting no more time than was necessary to answer "Yes, sir" in a tone equally curt, took himself out of the office and the building, and on the sidewalk awaited the appearance of the brown-eyed heroine.

Soon she came out of the entrance, and before she saw him he saw there were tears in her eyes. The dinky little overalls cap came off and Charles faced her. The girl sought to escape, but Charles was not to be denied—and he was not to be denied truthful answers to his questions, either.

Over there Private, Corporal, then Sergeant, Brenden had acquired the quality of mastery.

And when he learned that the statements she had made to the manager were only part way true and that there was neither home, parents nor job awaiting Mary in her home town—and least of all rest—but only the grim reality of a search for another position, he arose to the emergency and made her understand that many couples started in on a salary no greater than that which her courageous interposition had secured for him.

"But it's all so terribly sudden!" she protested.

"So was Chateau-Thierry," said Charles.

"Well," succumbed she of the brown eyes, "you outrank me, Sergeant Brenden—I don't suppose I dare refuse to obey. And, by the way, my name's Mary Henderson."

"Who cares?" said Charles. "It'll be Brenden by twelve o'clock. Forward, march!"

Colloquialisms.

The dictionary will tell you that "ain't it?" is a barbarism and that "ain't" is solely a colloquialism for "am not" and "are not" and quite legitimate in its indication of the speaker's status. But the Latin language, which though dead, is not yet buried, has the phrase "Amne," which means "Is it not?" and the French, which roughly writing is monkish Latin, had in the days of Francois Villon, the acknowledged founder of modern French literature, the verbalism "Ene?" which is the precise equivalent of "Ain't it?" Now, this delicious savor of the times of Joan of Arc, in his unique and celebrated "Greater Testament," characterizes "Isaieau," one of his numerous flames, as distinguishable for constantly using this query "Ene?" So all these colloquialisms which the pedagogue and the lexicographer so profoundly reject have fair foundations in usage. It ought to be remembered that Villon's works at the very dawn of printing ran through seven editions, "donyou-ehno?"

BEST RESULTS OBTAINED IN TERRACING BY EMPLOYING PLOW AND V-SHAPED DRAG



View of Home-made Wooden V Drag Used for Throwing Up Terraces.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

In terracing a field, the upper terrace should always be built first. If a lower terrace is built first and there is not time to build the upper before a rain comes, then the lower will be badly washed and broken by the large volume of water drained from all the land above. In building the terrace a back-furrow strip about four furrows wide is first thrown up. The steel terracer or V drag drawn by four horses is then used to move the dirt toward the center of the strip and as high as possible. The plowing is then continued and the best results are obtained where each round with the plow is followed with the V drag. The short wing of the V drag is sometimes blinged so that the distance the dirt is moved can be varied as the terrace grows wider. For the best results the weight of two men is required on the drag. They can shift their weight so as to raise or lower the end of the short wing as desired. The process of plowing and dragging is continued until the terrace is 15 to 20 feet wide. If the terrace is not high enough after it has settled, as found by testing the height in a number of places with a level, the plowing and dragging should be repeated.

Use of Plow Alone.

Terraces are sometimes built with a plow alone. Several plowings are required to throw up the terrace to the desired height. A large 16-inch plow with an extra large wing attached to the moldboard is used very successful-



The First Step in Building a Terrace Is to Back Furrow a Strip About Four Furrows Wide.

ly for throwing up high terrace embankments. The disk plow and the ordinary road grader are very effective implements for use in building terraces. Graded terraces on steep slopes are often built with a plow and slip scraper. A strip is backfurrowed with the plow and the loose earth on the

upper half of the strip is scraped up and dumped on the lower half. By this method the terrace is built up mostly from soil moved down from the upper side.

In order to finish up terraces properly, some work with the slip scraper is generally required. The top of the terrace should be tested with the level and rod to see that it conforms to the proper grade. Any low places detected should be filled with a shovel or scraper. All large embankments across draws and gullies should be built with the slip scraper, and it is necessary to build such embankments considerably higher than the rest of the terrace to allow for settling of the loose earth. Most breaks in terrace systems occur in crossings of gullies or draws, and it is therefore very important that a high, broad, substantial embankment be built across these places. In order to remove any water that collects above the terrace embankment across draws or gullies, a pole drain can be laid under the terrace down the middle of the gully. Such a drain is made by simply laying three poles together in the shape of a triangle. It will serve the purpose until the depression above the terrace is filled with silt and a drain is no longer required.

Remove All Obstructions.

Any obstructions, such as rocks, stones and stumps, that lie along the line of the terrace should be removed, since their presence might permit seepage and result in the failure of the terrace. In some parts of Texas the fields contain numerous large earth mounds generally known as gas mounds. These mounds cause considerable difficulty in terracing fields. Where they lie along the lines of graded terraces, it becomes necessary to provide a passageway through them by means of the plow and scraper.

Where terraces are continued from one field to another across a fence row, it is necessary to build that portion of the terrace near the fence by hand labor, using the spade and shovel. It is very important that this portion of the terrace and channel be built the same size as the rest of the terrace, and considerable attention should be given later to see that the waterway is always kept open, so that the free flow of the water shall in no way be obstructed.

Narrow-base and bench terraces are built in the same manner as the broad-base terraces, but not so wide. The bench terrace is gradually developed by always plowing the soil down the hill with a reversible plow.

The old maxim, "What is worth doing at all is worth doing well," is especially applicable to terracing work. If one has not time to terrace all of a field properly, it is far better to terrace the upper part well than to attempt to terrace the whole field and do a poor job.

SELECTION OF HENS FOR WINTER LAYERS

Fowls Should Be Banded or Punched in Web of Foot.

Poultryman Is Enabled to Cull Out Older Stock Whenever Desirable, and Keep Pullets for Further Production of Eggs.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Before the pullets are mixed with the older fowls be sure that the hens are banded or that the web of the foot is punched in some way so that you can distinguish between the pullets and the hens. In this way the older stock may be culled out whenever it appears desirable and the young hens kept for further laying. Do not keep hens of the heavier breeds for egg production over two years, but some of the best hens may be kept for breeders until three or four years

old. Leghorns can be kept profitably for egg production for three years. The pullets that mature early in the fall and that molt late as hens are usually the best layers and should be saved for breeding stock. Cull the chickens which are brought into the laying house carelessly, and fatten and market all chickens which are small, poorly developed, or in poor condition. These small, poorly developed chickens are apt to catch cold if put in with the other poultry and develop diseases which quickly spread through the flock.

In order to get the greatest egg production in the early fall and winter, it is essential to have well-matured pullets which were hatched in March or April, or even earlier in the Southern states. By early hatching and by supplying good conditions for egg production more eggs will be produced in the fall and winter, while a larger proportion of hens will go broody early in the spring, thus completing the necessary circle for early egg production.

Alfalfa is perhaps the best of all green forages for hogs.

The KITCHEN CABINET

Our spectacular opportunities for courage may be few or none at all. Our commonplace opportunities for courage start when we wake and last until we go to sleep. The courage of the commonplace is greater than the courage of the crisis.

PLANNING THE MEALS.

Let us begin at the beginning, which is breakfast. We need follow no law except that of the tastes of our family. In these days of good food habits everybody eats everything and enjoys it, with the exception, of course, of the few unfortunate who have some personal idiosyncrasy which prohibits some well-liked food. Fruit in the morning is usually enjoyed, a dish of cereal of some kind, to be followed by a piece of toast and an egg, with a cup of coffee, a cookie or a doughnut, will be satisfactory for the average man or woman who works at light labor. For the child a cup of milk takes the place of the coffee, and a large dish of cereal with toast and egg, or simply the cereal will make a sustaining breakfast. The American breakfast, compared to the English meal, is quite a kindergarten affair. Here is a breakfast menu taken from an English cook book, for an August morning: "Honey on toast, collared tongue (what-ever that is), hot buttered toast, marmalade, white bread and butter, brown bread, and bread and milk."

A dainty breakfast, well served, is of more value to the individual than the mere food properties served. The midday meal, or luncheon, if the heavy meals come at night, should be light and nourishing and easily digested, for a hearty meal at noon causes sluggishness and inactivity. A simple soup, or a dish of escalloped vegetable for a hot dish, a cup of tea, cocoa or milk, a little fruit and cake will be found sufficiently sustaining for that meal.

For dinner there is a wide range, depending upon the taste and the amount one may expend of energy as well as money in its preparation. Usually the people who have the most money to spend enjoy the simplest fare, for they know often at great cost what too rich and too heavy food will do to one's digestion. In these days of simple living we have cut down the dinner to three and four courses, often cutting out the soup and serving the meat dish, salad or entree in one course, then the dessert, following with the after-dinner coffee.

A nice leg of mutton, my Lucte, I pray thee have ready for me; Have it smoking and tender and juicy, For no better meat can there be. —Thackeray.

SHORT CUTS.

The progressive woman is learning to divide her hours of labor and multiply her hours of leisure for outside work in the community and for self-improvement.

Why spend two hours doing a piece of work that one hour should finish?

The woman who spends a half hour ironing a sheet that might be ironed under other things like napkins, handkerchiefs, which we are particular about, is wasting golden hours that she might be using much more profitably.

The over-particular woman has no right to waste time on trifles, for her community and country need her. All the reconstruction work will not be done abroad, for we are learning to reconstruct many of our old, worn out handed down from grandmother ideas.

All housekeepers are greatly assisted by a schedule which is carefully followed as possible, though anybody who has tried it knows that no household can be run on an iron-clad rule, for things are always occurring to upset plans which are really good for us to avoid monotony. Monotony is the rust that eats out many lives.

A slate or tablet hanging on the wall with an outline of the week's meals and the daily arrangement of work will prove a wonderful time saver.

The pauses between tasks due to lack of forethought and planning will sum up into many minutes in a day's work.

A list of extras to be done will be so much happier done if we have a plan written out by which to work. Cross off each task as it is accomplished and keep the slips on file, for it is most

satisfying to know the amount or number of things done in a month or a year.

He that by the plow would thrive, Himself must either hold or drive. Buy what thou hast no need of, and ere long thou shalt sell thy necessities. —Poor Richard.

WHAT TO FEED THE CHILD.

Milk is the child's first food and the one of most importance through his growing years. It behooves every mother to see that she has clean milk, free from disease and of the standard richness.

As the child grows older he needs food that has bulk on which to exercise the teeth as well as to excite the digestive juices, given in plentiful supply.

An ideal food which comes next to milk and eggs in importance is whole wheat. It may be ground, to crush the kernels, which is an advantage, or it may be cooked long and slowly making a continuous mass which is especially good for a breakfast and supper food for a small child. Give it too milk or cream with no sugar. There is something about the food that is so appetizing that the child rarely tires of it. In many homes where the family like the whole grains in food they use a small hand mill, grinding their own breakfast foods and cereals for breads.

Cocon is a good drink for children, but if given too often they become too tired of it. Hot milk for drink is well liked; malted milk for a change, and different cereal coffees, when one is sure there are no coffee beans put in for flavor. Coffee and tea, no matter how much diluted with hot water, should never be given to children.

Custards, baked, steamed or boiled, of various flavors, combined with chocolate or caramel are valuable foods. Baked apple, potatoes, scraped beef, milk toast, and cooked cereals of different kinds, if cooked for hours to soften the cellulose, are other foods of high value.

There is no dessert which is more wholesome for the child than a well baked apple. Wash and core it and bake, filling the cavity with sugar; a bit of lemon juice and butter added will improve a flavorless apple.

Kindly words, sympathizing attention, watchfulness against wounding others, sensitiveness—these cost very little, but they are priceless in their value.

DAINTY DISHES.

Cheese is such well liked food that a variety of ways of serving it are all ways welcome.

Take one cream cheese and mix it with a half a pound of snappy American cheese, season with red pepper and add a bit of cream; so as to make a smooth roll. Cut stuffed olives in thin slices and decorate the roll. Serve on a paper dolly, passing a cheese knife when serving.

Cottage Cheese Salad.—Mix two cupsful of cottage cheese with a half cupful of shredded almonds that have been blushed, a teaspoonful of chopped olives, salt and paprika to taste. Roll in small balls and place two or three in nests of lettuce; serve with a highly seasoned boiled dressing or with a mayonnaise.

Frozen Custard.—To a quart of milk add three slightly beaten eggs, a cupful of sugar and a little salt; cook until thick, cool, then freeze to a mush, add one-fourth of a pound each of chopped walnut meats and steamed chopped figs. Finish freezing and let stand a few hours to ripen.

Waffles.—Mix and sift one and one-fourth of a teaspoonful of salt and half a teaspoonful of soda. Separate the yolks and whites of two eggs, beat well, add a cupful of thick sour milk to the yolks and stir in the dry ingredients; then add three tablespoonfuls of melted butter after folding in the stiffly beaten whites. Bake on a well-greased waffle iron.

Supper Dish.—Take ordinary link sausages, prick them and put into a pan to try out a little of the fat, pour off the fat and pour over the sausages a batter as follows: A cupful of milk, a pint of flour, two well-beaten eggs, and a spoonful of salt. Bake until the pudding is brown. Serve from the dish in which it was baked. This is the Yorkshire pudding butter.

Nellie Maxwell

THIS WEEK, NERVOUS MOTHER

Tells How Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Restored Her Health.

Philadelphia, Pa.—"I was very weak, always tired, my back ached, and I felt sickly most of the time. I went to a doctor and he said I had nervous indigestion, which added to my weak condition kept me worrying most of the time—and he said if I could not stop that, I could not get well. I heard somewhere about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I bought it. I took it for a week and felt a little better. I kept it up for three months, and I feel fine and can eat anything now without distress or nervousness."—Mrs. J. WORTHLINE, 2842 North Taylor St., Philadelphia, Pa.

The majority of mothers nowadays, ever, there are so many demands upon their time and strength; the result is invariably a weakened, run-down, nervous condition with headaches, backache, irritability and depression—and soon more serious ailments develop. It is at such periods in life that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will restore a normal healthy condition, as it did to Mrs. Worthline.

Destructiveness.

"See that boy?"
"Yes."
"Very destructive."
"How so?"
"Wears a suit of clothes out the first day he gets them."
"Impossible!"
"Well, he does. He wouldn't go naked, would he?"

A sluggish liver impedes Nature's functions. Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills cleanse the liver and stimulate the bowels' function regularly.—adv.

Venial Crime.

"Punkryter tells me that he has killed the hero of his new novel."
"Well, he needn't worry about that—any jury will acquit him."

It's a poor gunboat that can't shoot the rapids.

Some men manage to talk a great deal without saying anything.

THIN PEOPLE SHOULD TAKE PHOSPHATE

Nothing Like Plain Bitro-Phosphate to Put on Firm, Healthy Flesh and to Increase Strength, Vigor and Nerve Force.

Judging from the countless preparations and treatments which are continually being advertised for the purpose of making thin people fleshy, developing arms, neck and bust, and replacing hollows and angles by the soft curved lines of health and beauty, there are evidently thousands of men and women who keenly feel their excessive thinness.

Thinness and weakness are often due to starved nerves. Our bodies need more phosphate than is contained in modern foods. Physicians claim there is nothing that will supply this deficiency so well as the organic phosphate known among druggists as bitro-phosphate, which is inexpensive and is sold by most all druggists under a guarantee of satisfaction or money back. By feeding the nerves directly and by supplying the body cells with the necessary phosphoric food elements, bitro-phosphate should produce a welcome transformation in the appearance; the increase in weight frequently being astonishing.

Increase in weight also carries with it a general improvement in the health. Nervousness, sleeplessness and lack of energy, which nearly always accompany excessive thinness, should disappear, dull eyes become bright, and pale cheeks glow with the bloom of perfect health.

CAUTION:—Although bitro-phosphate is unsurpassed for relieving nervousness, sleeplessness and general weakness, it should not, owing to its tendency to increase weight, be used by anyone who does not desire to put on flesh.

Every Woman Wants

Paxtine

ANTISEPTIC POWDER

FOR PERSONAL HYGIENE

Dissolved in water for douches stops pelvic catarrh, ulceration and inflammation. Recommended by Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co. for ten years. A healing wonder for nasal catarrh, sore throat and sore eyes. Economical. Has extraordinary cleaning and germicidal power. Sample Free. 50c all druggists, or sent by mail. The Paxtine Toilet Company, Boston, Mass.

Cuticura Soap

Best for Baby

Soap Co., Ointment & Lotion, Toilet Soap, Shampoo, each mailed free by "Cuticura, Dept. E, Boston."

YOU CAN'T CUT OUT A BOG SPAVIN OR THOROUGHPIN but you can clean them off promptly with

ABSORBINE

and you work the horse same time. Does not blister or remove the hair. \$2.50 per bottle, delivered. Will tell you more if you write. Book 4 R free. ABSORBINE, JR., the antiseptic liniment for man, woman, child, reduces Varicose Veins, Ruptured Muscles or Ligaments, Enlarged Glands, Wens, Cysts, Allergic skin eruptions. Price \$1.25 a bottle at druggists. Made in U. S. A. by W. F. YOUNG, P. O. Box 310 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

Buy a Farm in Southern Ohio? A fine place to live. Good tobacco, stock and dairy farms priced lower than usual values elsewhere. Send for my Farm List and description of this section. Martin H. Roade, Hillsboro, O.

DAIRY FACTS

SEND HOLSTEINS TO FRANCE

Herd of Pure Bred and Grades Purchased by French Commission to Be Sent Over.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

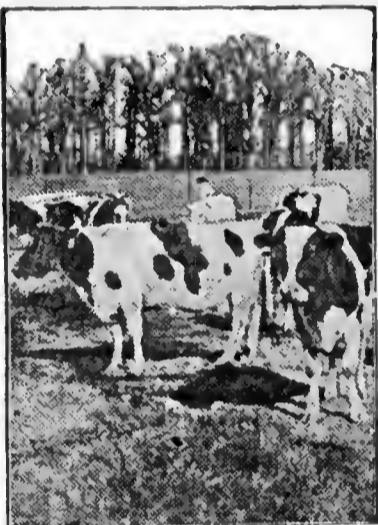
American dairy cattle are to follow American soldiers to France. One hundred and four Holstein-Friesian cows—42 pure bred and 62 grades—and four pure-bred bulls are to leave this country shortly on a specially equipped transport. "Passports" have been issued to Havre, France, and from there the cattle will be sent to devastated districts where they will do their bit in bringing back health and happiness to the children of those regions. The cattle were purchased by the French high commission, and at the commission's request dairy specialists of the United States department of agriculture assisted in selecting the animals.

Efforts were made to collect the animals from herds believed to be free from contagious disease, especially tuberculosis.

Of the entire number of cattle selected from 42 herds, a very low percentage reacted to the tuberculin test. Special efforts were made to select only well-grown, large, strong animals, of good conformation, which showed evidences of becoming large milk producers. In age they varied from two to four and one-half years, so that a long period of usefulness is ahead. All were due to freshen soon after arrival in France, so that milk will be available at once.

The animals were shipped from the assembling points by express to New York, where they are to be loaded on a specially equipped transport. To insure proper care throughout the ocean voyage, a dairy expert of the United States department of agriculture will accompany the shipment.

Members of the French high commission expressed themselves as be-



Excellent Animals for Dairy Herd.

ing well pleased with the cattle selected. It is understood that these dairy cows are to help satisfy the urgent demand for milk from the war-stricken areas.

SUMMER FORAGES FOR COWS

Plan Recommended by Missouri College Expert Calls for Seeding of Sudan Grass.

A good general plan recommended by Prof. Swett, of Missouri Agricultural college, for providing late pasture for cows is to plant Sudan grass about June 1, at the rate of sixteen pounds to the acre. This should yield ten to fifteen tons to the acre and should be ready for feeding from about July 15 to August 1. An early maturing variety of soy beans planted at the rate of thirty pounds to the acre May 30 will be available for feeding from about August 1 to 20. A good northern variety of corn planted about the middle of May at the rate of six quarts to the acre will become available about August 10 and can be fed whenever needed. The second crop of Sudan grass will be ready to cut about August 25 to September 1. Cow peas planted at the rate of five pecks per acre about July 1 may be fed from about August 25 to September 10. After this time field corn may be used at any time. Sorghum crops give good results during the late summer.

BETTER BREEDING WILL AID

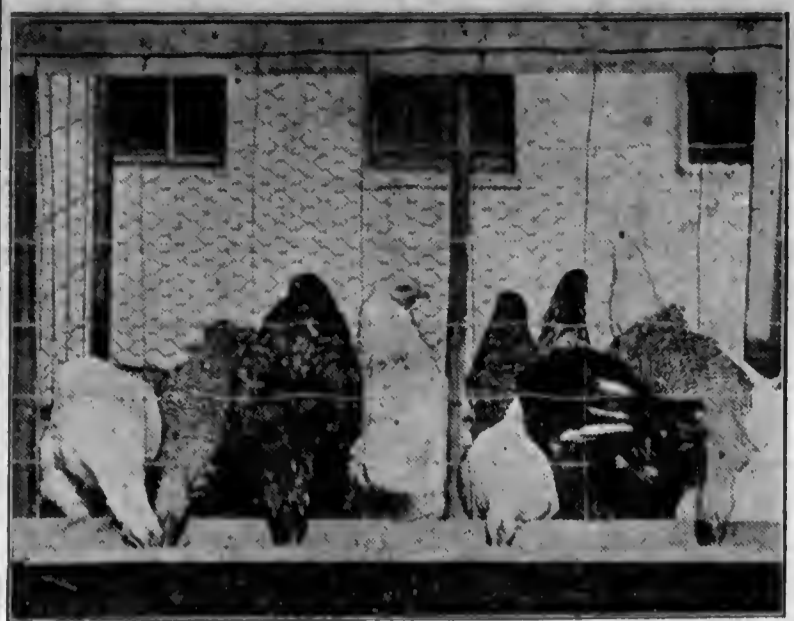
Furnishes Most Economical Way to Obtain Large-Production Cows—Use Best Heifers.

In dairying, large production and profit go hand in hand. Breeding furnishes the most economical way to obtain large-production cows. The pure-bred bull, with generations of high-producing ancestors back of him, must be used for breeding, and only the best heifers from the best cows should be chosen to be the dams of the next generation.

Cow for Tropical Countries.
The black Holstein cow is being urged for dairying in tropical countries.

Salt is Important.
Do you salt the cows regularly? This is just as important as regular milking.

CONVERT SURPLUS COCKERELS INTO CASH AND GIVE EGG-PRODUCING PULLETS ROOM



Serve-Self System for Fattening Cockerels.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Because their room is more desirable than their company, the cockerels in the flock during the late spring and early summer are about as popular as the appearance of Jack Frost during peach-budding season. That is why it pays the average poultryman to start a clean-up campaign in his yards which will result in selling all the surplus cockerels as soon as they reach marketable size. This disposition of the male birds will provide more commodious quarters for the pullets which are to be raised to maturity. Furthermore, as a general proposition, the earlier the cockerels are marketed, after they reach suitable size, the higher are the prices they will bring, other conditions being equal, while on the other hand, the longer the cockerels are kept in the flock the smaller will be the net profit they will yield when finally sold.

It is desirable that each poultryman retain the choicest, most vigorous and best-grown cockerels in his flock for subsequent breeding operations, while it may also pay him to hold back and grow to a larger size such birds as he desires to use for the family table. The common practice to be recommended is to sell the cockerels as soon as they attain marketable size. In sections where special and fancy markets are available, cockerels of the lighter breeds, such as the Leghorn, may be sold as squab broilers when weighing from three-quarters of a pound to one pound apiece. On the more general markets where frying chickens are desired and with the larger breeds especially, the cockerels may be fattened to weigh from one and one-half to two and one-half pounds apiece before being sold.

Coventry for the Cockerels.
The cockerels which are retained for breeding purposes should be kept apart from the rest of the flock. In the case of the male birds designed for market it often is possible and practicable to fatten them for a few days before selling them. This extra attention gets the birds into the best condition, and even means the difference between marketing them with the fancy trade, which is willing to pay premium prices, and selling to consumers who desire goods of mediocre quality because they are cheap.

The following rations may be fed profitably to cockerels which are con-

fined and cooped in order to be fattened for market:

The first ration consists of a mixture of six parts by weight of corn meal and four parts of low-grade wheat flour or middlings; the second ration is one part by weight of shorts or middlings, two parts of low-grade flour and three parts of corn meal; while the third feeding mixture is composed of equal parts by weight of corn meal, wheat flour or middlings, and oat flour.

With each or all of these grain mixtures either whole milk or skim milk should be fed, in amount sufficient to bring the mixture to the consistency of porridge, so that it will drop from the end of a spoon. If no milk is available, the farmer should add 10 per cent of chopped vegetables and 5 per cent of meat meal to the above rations. If water is used for mixing the feed, enough should be used to make a crumbly, moist mixture. Water may also be given to the fowls for drinking purposes where this feeding combination is used, but in the case where milk is used in the ration it is not advisable to supply any additional water.

Feed Light Rations at First.

When the birds are first confined for fattening purposes they should be fed lightly for two to three days, after which they may be furnished all that they will clean up in 30 minutes, two or three times a day. Their heaviest meal for the day should always be the last one. Comprehensive experiments by the United States department of agriculture show that it takes 3 1/4 pounds of grain to produce one pound of gain on fattening poultry. Usually it costs considerably more to fatten mature hens than it does to fatten cockerels and younger stock. According to the experience of the department specialists, the general purpose birds are the most desirable for fattening purposes.

As a rule the fattening period usually lasts from seven to seventeen days, during which time the fowls are confined in coops. The younger or smaller birds give good results where they are fed for the longer period. What has been said in the foregoing paragraphs applies with equal force to the fattening of all poultry.

The accompanying illustration shows a practical home-made fattening battery in which the moist rations may be fed in troughs, so that the birds can eat cafeteria fashion.

PRICE OF PRODUCTS AND FARM LABORERS

Bureau of Crop Estimates Makes Interesting Comparison.

Wage Rates Have Not Kept Pace With Advance of Farm Products During War—Began to Converge During Year of 1918.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

A composite crop and live stock price has been provided by the bureau of crop estimates, United States department of agriculture, and the advance of this price since 1914, or the beginning of the war, may be compared with the advance in the wage rates paid for farm labor. From 1914 to 1915 wage rates gained 1 per cent, and the price of crops fell 3 per cent, but since 1915 wage rates have not gained on 1914 as much as the price of crops and live stock has. The advance in wages in 1916 was 10 per cent above 1914, while the price of crops and live stock advanced 12 per cent. In the next year, 1917, wages rose 27 per cent above 1914, while the price of crops and live stock rose 74 per cent, but in 1918 the disparity between the two in the advance was slightly reduced and the gain of wages over 1914 was 65 per cent and of price of crops and live stock 90 per cent.

It is well known that wage rates are more stable than prices, as a general fact, and it is according to rule that the wage rates of farm labor have not kept pace with the advance of prices of farm products during the war, even though much labor was drawn from the farm by higher wage rates elsewhere. The two movements began to converge in 1918 and their places with regard to each other in more normal times to follow remain for the future to determine.

ASSOCIATION FOR PURE SEED

Farmers of Kansas County Organize for Purpose of Producing More Desirable Seed.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Through the efforts of their county agent the farmers of Ford county, Kan., are organizing a pure seed growers' association. For some time the farmers in the vicinity of Dodge City have felt the need of home sources of dependable seed.

At the suggestion of the county agent, John V. Helper, they recently met and decided it would be of advantage to unite. An association being formed will be one of the few of the kind in the southwest country. The members plan to plant pure seed; to keep the stock pure; and to advertise their products, and hope thereby to command a better market.

The growers, through their association, will be able to produce desirable seed of standard varieties most accepted and to attract buyers.

Ford county lies in the heart of the Kansas sorghum district and is in position to command recognition for the product of the farmers' co-operative efforts.

POULTRY NOTES

Keep up the fight against lice.

Charcoal is of value in the poultry ration.

Blackhead is the plague of turkey growers.

Geese need practically the same care as ducks.

Some breeders of poultry have suffered severe losses by trying to use grain that is of inferior quality.

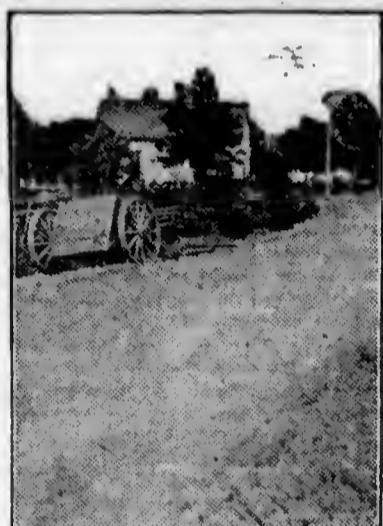


ROAD BUILDING

ATTENTION TO EARTH ROADS

Authority on Highway Construction Likes Concrete, but Favors More Care of Lanes.

"More attention has got to be paid to the earth roads if the coming bond elections are to go over." This is the opinion of E. L. Stevens, inventor and road expert. Mr. Stevens is, perhaps, one of the most unique characters in the road-building world. A graduate civil engineer, he felt the tremendous need for the perfection and development of the road system of America. He stepped out from the promising channels of the regular engineering profession and went down almost below the level of ordinary men to study road building, says Rocky Mountain News. He has made road building and maintenance his life work and is now, probably, as well qualified as any man



Sand-Clay Road Well Cared For.

to tell the methods for the proper up-building of the nation's highway system.

For a number of years Mr. Stevens has been highway commissioner for the Estes Park highway. This place of road work in itself is a testimony to his ideals. He is also the inventor of the Stevens improved road drag, one of the simplest and most efficient road machines on the American market.

Mr. Stevens believes in concrete highways and prepared boulevards, but he also believes that the earth road, which comprises more than 80 per cent of the country's highways, is of no less importance. "A concrete highway isn't going to do a farmer much good if he has got to haul his load three miles through hub-deep mud before he gets to it," is Mr. Stevens' attitude.

The farmer is the man who is going to pay for most of the country roads, and although concrete roads are needed where the traffic is sufficiently heavy the earth roads that feed the concrete road must be kept up.

As an inventor of road machinery, a road engineer, a road supervisor and a road worker for his practicalities and the life dream of better roads as his idealism, Mr. Stevens is ably qualified to judge highway problems.

UTAH TO SPEND \$8,000,000

Part of Money Is to Be Spent for Improvements on Arrowhead Trail to California.

The state of Utah has decided to spend about \$8,000,000 on roads in the next two years, with an expenditure this year of about \$2,000,000. Some of the Utah millions, which are made up of state and federal funds, are going to be used on the development of the Arrowhead trail, which is tributary to all parts of southern California, from San Diego and Imperial valley on the south to Fresno and San Luis Obispo on the north.

\$300,000,000 FOR HIGHWAYS

Sum Which If Capitalized at 5 Per Cent Would Represent Investment of \$6,000,000,000.

Government road officials estimate that road construction and maintenance in the United States involve an annual outlay of over \$300,000,000, a sum, which, if capitalized at 5 per cent, would represent an investment of \$6,000,000,000. There has never been a nation-wide traffic census to show either the direction or volume of traffic over these highways.

Roads Must Be Linked Up.
If we are to keep costs down, our highways must be linked up and there must be through trunk lines provided to which feeders can be built.

Lower Hauling Costs.
Hauling costs are lowered by good roads because the size of the load is limited by the worst spot in the road.

One of Major Activities.
Road building will shortly become one of the major activities of our government.

Weak From Pain

Mrs. Gibbert Was in Misery, But Doan's Brought Her Splendid Health.

"About 15 years ago my kidneys were in bad condition," says Mrs. Lucy Gibbert, 15310 Columbia Ave., Harvey, Ill. "There was a constant dull, bearing down pain in the small of my back. I couldn't turn over in bed without such pain I could hardly breathe. Mornings I was stiff, sore and lame all over; my back was like a rusty hinge."

"Inflammation of the bladder nearly drove me wild. The kidney secretions passed every little while, day and night, a little at a time, and burned like fire. Great sacs of water formed under my eyes."

"I was in such misery I would become weak and so nervous I would scream. I had nerve-racking headaches and the back of my neck ached. I was so dizzy I didn't dare bend over for fear of falling on my face. My night became blurred. I was sick all over."

"Five boxes of Doan's Kidney Pills cured me of kidney trouble. Since then I have enjoyed splendid health and I owe it all to Doan's."

Sworn to before me, SAMUEL DANICK, Notary Public.

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box
DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

The New Modesty.

"The new modesty," said Clarence Underwood, the magazine illustrator, "has a frank quality. It is born of athletic beauty. The old modesty was merely a desire to conceal ugliness."

"A beautiful girl in a white bathing dress came out of the water at Palm Beach the other day and advanced over the sand to her mother."

"Dear me!" the mother whispered. "You shouldn't have got white, darling. That suit is almost transparent."

"The girl smiled calmly. 'Don't worry,' she said, 'I'm not depressed.'"—Detroit Free Press.

Dr. Peery's "Dead Shot" not only expels Worms or Tapeworm but cleans out the mucus in which they breed and tones up the digestion. One dose sufficient. Adv.

Ancient Precautions.

"We'll have this friendly agreement of ours carved upon a monument of stone," said one ancient king.

"So that all the public can read it," added the other.

"Not only that. It will make it impossible to treat it as a scrap of paper."

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the

Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fletch*
In Use for Over 30 Years.
Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Naturally.

"He went all to pieces."
"What made him do that?"
"He was broke."

At the Hotel.

"Mrs. Mary McGinnis," wrote the woman. "Miss Mayne McGinnis," registered her daughter.

The undoing of the work that Satans finds for idle hands to do furnishes employment for other people.

POWDER IN SHOES AS WELL AS GUNS

Foot-Ease to be Added to Equipment of Hospital Corps at Fort Wayne.

Under the above heading the Detroit Free Press, among other things says: "The theory is that soldiers whose feet are in good condition can walk further and faster than soldiers who have corns and bunions incased in rawhide."

The Plattsburg Camp Manual advises men in training to shake Foot-Ease in their shoes each morning. "There is no foot powder equal to Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic, healing powder to be shaken into the shoes and sprinkled in the foot-bath, for hot, tired, aching, perspiring, smarting, swollen, tender feet, corns, bunions, blisters or callouses. What wouldn't you give to be relieved of one day's pain of your corns and bunions? Here is relief for every day. You won't realize this until you have tried Allen's Foot-Ease yourself. You simply forget all about your feet they are made so comfortable. Ask your druggist to-day for a package of ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE."

Banner Lye



is easy to use

No other lye is packed so safely and conveniently, or is so economical—not a bit wasted.

No other lye or soap cleans and disinfects so easily and thoroughly as Banner Lye. It is not old-style lye. Odorless and colorless, the greatest cleanser and disinfectant the world has ever known. Use it for cleaning your kitchen, cellar, sink, dairy, milk-pans and bottles, for foot-bathing, and the labor of washing and cleaning will be cut in half. **MAKES PURE SOAP** and saves money besides. A 10-cent can of Banner Lye, 5 1/2 pounds of kitchen grease, ten minutes' easy work (no boiling or large kettles), and you have 10 pounds of best hard soap or 10 gallons of soft soap.

Banner Lye is sold by your grocer or druggist. Write to us for free booklet, "Uses of Banner Lye."

The Penn Chemical Works Philadelphia USA

HOMESSEEKER

Send for Free Virginia Farm and Timber Bulletin. Department F., Newport, Virginia.

W. N. U., CINCINNATI, NO. 23-1919.

"FAKE" ASPIRIN WAS TALCUM

Therefore Insist Upon Genuine "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin"



Millions of fraudulent Aspirin Tablets were sold by a Brooklyn manufacturer which later proved to be composed mainly of Talcum Powder. "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" the true, genuine, American made and American owned Tablets are marked with the safety "Bayer Cross."

Ask for and then insist upon "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" and always buy them in the original Bayer package which contains proper directions and dosage.

Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid.

Protest From the Target.

The Manager—There'll be a big crowd today. The soldiers and sailors are to be admitted free.

The Umpire—Aw, nix, nix! Have a heart. Let in the gobs, but keep out the doughboys. Those guys are the champion grenade throwers of the army, and every one'll have a pop bottle.

"CALLUS CORNS" LIFT RIGHT OFF

Apply a few drops of "Freezone"—No pain!



Don't suffer! A tiny bottle of Freezone costs but a few cents at any drug store. Apply a few drops on the corns, calluses and "hard skin" on bottom of feet, then lift them off.

When Freezone removes corns from the toes or calluses from the bottom of feet, the skin beneath is left pink and healthy and never sore, tender or irritated.

A Movie Marvel.

Dinks—I notice Blinks spends all his spare time at the pictures since his wife became a movie actress.

Jinks—Yes, he thinks it's perfectly wonderful to see her carrying on for two mortal hours and never hear a word out of her.

Cuticura Soap for the Complexion. Nothing better than Cuticura Soap daily and Ointment now and then as needed to make the complexion clear, scalp clean and hands soft and white. Add to this the fascinating, fragrant Cuticura Talcum and you have the Cuticura Toilet Trio.—Adv.

One or the Other.

Needzit—Why don't you pay your debts? You've got the money.
Owcm—Yes, but I wouldn't have it if I was to pay my debts.

SWAMP-ROOT FOR KIDNEY AILMENTS

There is only one medicine that really stands out pre-eminent as a medicine for curable ailments of the kidneys, liver and bladder.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root stands the highest for the reason that it has proven to be just the remedy needed in thousands upon thousands of distressing cases. Swamp-Root makes friends quickly because its mild and immediate effect is soon realized in most cases. It is a gentle, healing vegetable compound.

Start treatment at once. Sold at all drug stores in bottles of two sizes, medium and large.
However, if you wish to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

No Hurry for Jealous Woman.
"The photographer's wife is very jealous of him."

"No wonder. Just see how many other women he flatters."—Boston Transcript.

A diamond is of less value to some men than a spade or a club is to others.

Your Eyes
Granulated Eyelids, Eyes inflamed by exposure to Sun, Dust and Wind quickly relieved by Murine Eye Remedy. No Smarting, Just Eye Comfort. At Your Druggists or by mail 60c per Bottle. For Book of the Eye free write Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

Suits for the Corsetless Figure



There has been considerable talk of the corsetless figure and much more drawing of it. When artists picture morning frocks or afternoon gowns, and even suits, they hang them on graceful but enlaced figures calculated to make us envy our adorably thin sisters and to remind us of the question put by that naive Japanese lady who asked, "Where do they put their stomachs?" Judging by a few late photographs she would not be impelled to ask that question now. But the season's styles are kind to the natural lines of the figure and just why fashion artists continue to draw inhuman creatures is a mystery not solved. Anyway, they inspire indolent ladies to train down and to diet and do sundry other things in the pursuit of slenderness.

"Corsetless" is not to be taken too literally—it really means a figure that looks uncorseted, with lines like those in the normal youthful body. The best

corsets are too comfortable and too flattering as a rule to be relinquished. They are probably the foundation of the good lines, truthfully portrayed by photographs, in the two suits shown above. In one of them a dress and coat takes the place of the usual three-piece combination. The dress is of figured silk with the lower half of the skirt made of plain wool material and a long narrow girdle of the same goods. The long coat of one of the new rough silks is cut on the lines of the Chinese coat and is bordered with another silk in a plainer weave. Small buttons set on the side seams are very attractive as a finish.

The plain box coat over a draped skirt, shown in the other picture, is an excellent model for pongee or other heavy silk for summer wear. Black embroidery on the coat and sleeves, and oblong buttons at the top and bottom of the front lend character and elegance to the design.

In Fabrics Old Friends Are Best



Because gingham and organdie are so familiar and unpretentious we are always delighted to find them reappearing each season in frocks that have every claim to beauty. And women are coming to realize the distinction of the successful dress that is made of an ordinary fabric, handled with consummate art. There is something sterling about it, something, in fact, more out of the ordinary than can be found in a frock that depends upon novelty in material for its success. Old friends are best in fabrics, and when they appear in frocks as pleasing as that pictured above they are thrice welcome. Imagine what a sensation they would make if we had never seen them before.

This summer we find smart frocks made up in the same designs, of either gingham, chambray or sport silk, and organdie or dotted swiss combined with silk as well as cotton goods. On cottons old-fashioned rick-rack braid reappears and is cleverly used as a finish for edges and to emphasize lines. It looks well in company with chambray, gingham or English prints for morning dresses. When organdie and gingham are as skill-

fully managed as they have been in the frock pictured above they can invite comparison with more pretentious materials in afternoon dresses.

The picture sets forth this dress so well that it is hardly worth while to describe it. The flimsy of organdie, edged with a narrow val lace, is important, helping more than anything else to give the style a flavor of quality. With canvas shoes and a wide-brimmed white hat; the whole toilette is as cool and crisp as a breeze from the sea. Visions of old-fashioned gardens, with hollyhocks and hedges, bergamot and almonette follow in the wake of such frocks, making us doubly thankful to their designers.

Julia Bottomley

Skirts for Sports.

Binding the bottoms of sports skirts with velvet, or edging them with fringe, is a return to a very old-fashioned style. Usually the velvet binding matches the coat of the suit, which is always in contrast to the skirt.

PHYSICALLY FIT AT ANY AGE

It isn't age, it's careless living that puts men "down and out." Keep your internal organs in good condition and you will always be physically fit. The kidneys are the most over-worked organs in the human body. When they break down under the strain and the deadly uric acid accumulates and crystallizes look out! These sharp crystals tear and scratch the delicate urinary channels causing excruciating pain and set up irritations which may cause premature degeneration and often do turn into deadly Bright's Disease.

One of the first warnings of sluggish kidney action is pain or stiffness in the small of the back, loss of appetite, indigestion or rheumatism. Do not wait until the danger is upon you. At the first indication of trouble go after the cause at once. Get a trial box of GOLD MEDAL Hasklem Oil Capsules, imported direct from the laboratories in Holland. They will give almost immediate relief. If for any cause they should not, your money will be refunded. But be sure to get GOLD MEDAL, a None other is genuine. In sealed boxes, three sizes.—Adv.

A Liberal Helping.

The Wyn-Jenkins were giving a little dinner party. In Wyn-Jenkins was carving a fowl. It was older than it looked, and the knife refusing to do its hit, the bird shot into the silken lap of the principal guest.

Mrs. Wyn-Jenkins went pale, but her husband never lost his sang-froid.

"I believe," he said to the guest, recapturing the bird, "that I've helped you too much. Allow me to take back a little."

Speaking by the Card.

"The bride looked like a queen."
"Yes, and the bridegroom looked like the leucce."—Boston Transcript.

Good Advice.
"I am to make my first public speech tomorrow night. What would you advise me to do?" asked the young man of an old-time after-dinner speaker.
"Are you fond of your wife and children?" asked the old-timer.
"Yes, very."
"Like your home?"
"Very much."
"Do you enjoy having an occasional evening at home with your wife and kiddies?"
"I certainly do."
"Well then take my advice. Make that speech of your's tomorrow as bad as you possibly can. Make it so bad that they'll never ask you to speak in public again, and live in peace and contentment the remainder of your life."

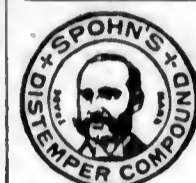
Knocking the Judge.

A discouraged counsellor remarked to the court, "My poor client is little likely to get justice done her until the judgment day."

"Well, counsellor," said the judge, "if I have an opportunity I'll plead for the poor woman myself on that day."

"Your honor," replied the other, "will have troubles of your own upon that day."

Yes, Hazel, a man is the most important piece of furniture in a woman's air castle.



INFLUENZA

Catarrhal Fever, Pink Eye, Shipping Fever, Epizootic. And all diseases of the horse affecting his throat. Specially cured: colts and horses in the same stable kept from having them by using SPOHN'S COMPOUND, 2 to 6 doses often cure. Safe for brood mares, baby colts, stallions, all ages and conditions. Most skillful scientific compound. SPOHN'S is sold by your druggist.

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Mfrs., Goshen, Ind.



BILIOUSNESS Caused by Acid-Stomach

If people who are bilious are treated according to local symptoms they seldom get very much better. Whatever relief is obtained is usually temporary. Traces biliousness to its source and remove the cause and the chances are that the patient will remain strong and healthy.
Doctors say that more than 75 per cent of all diseases can be traced to an Acid-Stomach. Biliousness is one of them. Indigestion, heartburn, belching, sour stomach, bloated and gas are other signs of acid-stomach. EATONIC, the marvelous modern stomach remedy, brings quick relief from these stomach troubles which lead to a long train of ailments that make life miserable if not corrected.
EATONIC literally absorbs and carries away the excess acid. Makes the stomach strong, cool and comfortable. Helps digestion; improves the appetite and you then get full strength from your food. Thousands say that EATONIC is the most effective stomach remedy in the world. It is the help you need. Try it an our money-back-if-not-satisfied guarantee. At all druggists. Only 50 cents for a big box.

EATONIC (FOR YOUR ACID-STOMACH)



THERE HE STANDS!

GRAND old "Bull" Durham. He belongs in this country's Hall of Fame. Can you think of a more familiar figure? For over half a century Bull has been part of the landscape; the tobacco he represents has made millions and millions of friends.

You can roll fifty-thirty cigarettes from one bag.

The Government tax on 50 "Bull" Durham cigarettes that you roll yourself is less than 1½ cents; the Government tax on 50 machine-made cigarettes is 15 cents. It's real good sense to roll your own.

GENUINE

"BULL" DURHAM TOBACCO



With RITZ paper you can roll the best "Bull" Durham cigarettes.

Jacqueline of Golden River

By VICTOR ROUSSEAU

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LOVE, ADVENTURE, FIGHTING, TREASURE.

"Jacqueline of Golden River" is a romance of love, adventure and fighting—the basis of all good romance. It is no preachment in story form; no sex-problem novel; no propaganda under the guise of fiction. It is a real romance and its purpose is to entertain. And, as if love, adventure and fighting were not enough, a most engrossing mystery of hidden treasure gives reason for the plot and action. The heroine is beautiful, fascinating—and mysterious. The hero, freed from city drudgery by a legacy, is ripe for adventure and when it comes embraces it wholeheartedly. And such an adventure as it proves to be! It begins in a big city and swiftly the scene changes to the Canadian wilds. Action at every stage and the mystery deepening with each new development!—Editor's Note.

CHAPTER I.

A Dog and a Damsel.

As I sat on a bench in Madison square after half past eleven in the evening a dog came trotting up to me, stopped at my feet and whined.

There is nothing remarkable in having a strange dog run to one, nor in seeing the creature rise on its hind legs and paw at you for notice and a caress. Only, this happened to be an Eskimo dog.

I stroked the beast, which lay down at my feet, ruffling its head sometimes to whine and sometimes darting off a little way and coming back to tug at the lower edge of my overcoat. But my mind was too much occupied for me to take any but a perfunctory interest in its maneuvers. My eight years of thoughtless drudgery as a clerk, following on a brief adventurous period after I ran away to sea from my English home, had terminated three days before upon receipt of a legacy, and I had at once left Tom Carson's employment.

Six thousand guineas—thirty thousand dollars—the will said.

I had seen for some time that Carson meant to get rid of me. It had been a satisfaction to me to get rid of him instead.

He had been alternately a prospector and a company promoter all the working years of his shabby life. Tom was as secretive as a clam, except with Simon Leroux.

Leroux was a parish politician from some place near Quebec, and his clean-shaven, wrinkled face was as hard and mean as any city boss in the United States. He and old Tom used to be closeted together for hours at a time.

I never liked the man and I never cared for Carson's business ways. I was glad to leave him the day after my legacy arrived.

My plans were vague. I had been occupying, at a low rental, a tiny apartment consisting of two rooms, a bath and what is called a "kitchenette," at the top of an old building in Teath street which was about to be pulled down. I had half planned to take boat for Jamaica. I wanted to think and plan.

The Eskimo dog was growing uneasy. It would run from me, looking round and uttering a succession of short barks, then run back and tug at my overcoat again.

Evidently it wished me to accompany it, and I wondered who its master was and how it came to be there.

I rose and followed the beast, which showed its eager delight by running ahead of me, turning round at times to bark, and then continuing on its way with a precision which showed me that it was certain of its destination.

The dog turned down a street in the Twenties, ran on a few yards, hounded up a flight of stone steps and began scratching at the door of a house that was apparently empty.

This place I knew by reputation. It was Jim Daly's notorious but decently conducted gambling establishment, which was running full blast at a time when every other institution of this character had found it convenient to shut down.

So the creature's master was inside Daly's, and it wished me to get him out. I looked in some disappointment at the closed doors and turned away.

I meant to go home, and I had proceeded about three paces when the lock clicked. I stopped. The front door opened cautiously and the gray head of Jim's negro butler appeared.

Then emerged one of the most beautiful women that I have ever seen.

She could not have been more than twenty years of age. Her hair was of a fair brown, the features modeled splendidly, the head poised upon a flawless throat that gleamed white beneath a neckpiece of magnificent sables.

She carried a sable muff, too, and under these furs was a dress of unstylish fashion and cut that contrasted curiously with them. I thought that those loose sleeves had passed away before the nineteenth century died. In one hand she carried a bag, into which she was stuffing a large roll of bills. She passed so close to me that her dress brushed my overcoat, and for an instant her eyes met mine. There was a look in them that startled me—terror and helplessness, as though she had suffered some unbearably shock which made her actions more automatic than conscious.

I was bewildered. What was a girl like that doing in Daly's at half past twelve in the morning?

She began walking slowly and rather aimlessly. It seemed to me, along the street in the direction of Sixth avenue. My curiosity was unbounded. I followed her at a decent interval to see what she was going to do. But she did not seem to know.

The street loners stared after her, and two men began walking abreast of her on the other side of the road. I followed more closely.

As she stood upon the curb on the east side of Sixth avenue I saw her glance timidly up and down before venturing to cross. It was quite half a minute before she summoned resolution to plunge beneath the structure of the elevated railroad. When she had reached the other side she stood still again before continuing westward.

The two men crossed the street and planted themselves behind her. They were speaking in a tongue that sounded like French, and one had a patch over his eye. A taxicab was crawling up behind them. I was sure that they were in pursuit of her.

The four of us were almost abreast in the middle of the long block between Sixth and Seventh avenues.

Suddenly the man with the patch turned on me, lowered his head and nudged me off my feet. I fell into the roadway, and at that instant the sec-



Sent Him Stumbling Backward.

ond fellow grasped the girl by the arm and the taxicab whirled up and stopped.

The girl's assailants seemed to be trying to force her into the cab. The bag flew open, scattering a shower of gold pieces upon the pavement.

And then, before I could get upon my feet again the dog had leaped at the throat of the man with the patch and sent him stumbling backward. Before he recovered his balance I was at the other man, striking out right and left.

It was all the act of an instant, and in an instant the two men had jumped into the taxicab and were being driven swiftly away. I was standing beside the terrified girl, while an ill-looking crowd, gathering from God knows where, surrounded us and fought like harpies for the coins which lay scattered about.

The girl pulled at my arm distractedly. She was white and trembling, and her big gray eyes were full of fear.

"Help me!" she pleaded, clinging to my sleeve with her little gloved hands. "The money is nothing. I have eight thousand dollars more in my bag. Help me away!"

She spoke in a foreign, bookish accent, as though she had learned English at school. Fortunately for us the mob was too husily engrossed in its search to hear her words.

So I drew her arm through mine and we hurried toward Sixth avenue, where we took an uptown car.

We had reached Herald square when it occurred to me that my companion did not seem to know her destination. So we descended there. I had forgotten the dog, but now the beautiful creature came bounding up to us.

"Where are you going?" I asked the girl. "I will take you to your home—

or hotel," I added with a slight upward intonation on the last word.

"I do not know where I am going," she answered slowly. "I have never been in New York until today."

"But you have friends here?"

She shook her head. "But are you really carrying eight thousand dollars about with you in New York at night? Do you know the character of the place you came out of?" I asked, trying to find some clue to her actions.

"Oh, yes. That is Mr. Daly's gambling house. I came to New York to play at roulette there."

She was looking at me so frankly that I was sure she was wholly ignorant of evil.

"My father is too ill to play himself," she explained, "so I must find a hotel near Mr. Daly's house, and then I shall play every night until our fortune is made. Tonight I lost nearly two thousand dollars. But I was nervous in that strange place. And the system expressly says that one may lose at first. Tomorrow I raise the stakes and we shall begin to win. See?"

She pulled a little pad from her bag covered with a maze of figuring.

"But where do you come from?" I asked. "Where is your father?"

Again I saw that look of terror come into her eyes. She glanced quickly about her, and I was sure she was thinking of escaping from me.

I hastened to reassure her. "Forgive me," I said. "It is no business of mine. And now, if you will trust me a little further I will try to find a hotel for you."

It would have disarmed the worst man to feel her little hand slipped into his arm in that docile manner of hers. I took her to the Seward, the Grand, the Corahill and the Merrimac—each in turn.

Vain hope! When I asked for a room for her the clerk would eye her furs dubiously, look over his hook in pretense, and then inform me that the hotel was full.

My curiosity had given place to deep anxiety on her account. What was this child doing in New York alone, and what sort of father had let her come, if her story were true? What was she? She looked French and had something of the French frankness.

There was only one thing to do, and though I shrank from the suggestion it had to be made.

"It is evident that you must go somewhere tonight," I said. "I have two rooms which I am vacating tomorrow. They are poorly furnished, but there is clean linen; and if you will occupy them for the night I can go elsewhere, and I will call for you at nine in the morning."

She smiled at me gratefully—she did not seem surprised at all.

"You have some baggage?" I asked.

"No, monsieur," she answered.

She was French, then—Canadian French, I had no doubt. I was hardly surprised at her answer. I had ceased to be surprised at anything she told me.

"Tomorrow I shall show you where to make some purchases, then," I said. "And now, mademoiselle, suppose we take a taxicab."

As her hand tightened upon my arm I saw a man standing on the west side of Broadway and staring intently at us.

He was of a singular appearance. He wore a fur coat with a collar of Persian lamb, and on his head was a lambskin cap such as worn in colder climates but is seldom seen in New York. He had an aspect decidedly foreign, and I imagined that he was scowling at us malignantly.

I called a taxicab and gave the driver my address.

"Go through some side streets and go fast," I said.

The fellow nodded. He understood my motive, though I fear he may have misinterpreted the circumstances. During the drive I instructed my companion emphatically.

"Since you have no friends here you must have confidence in me, mademoiselle," I said.

"And you are my friend? Well, monsieur, be sure I trust you," she answered.

"You must listen to me attentively, then," I continued. "You must not admit anybody to the apartment until I ring tomorrow. I have the key, and I shall arrive at nine and ring, and then unlock the door. But take no notice of the bell. You understand?"

"Yes, monsieur," she answered wearily. Her eyelids drooped; I saw that she was very sleepy.

The hero escorts the heroine to his own rooms for the rest of the night—and brings about a tragedy.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Mentioned in the Bible.

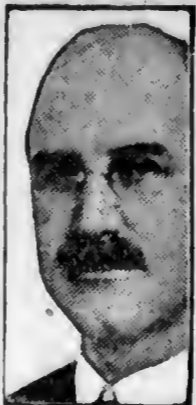
Biblical mention is made of 10 different precious stones, 6 metals, 104 trees and plants, 35 animals, 39 birds, 6 fishes, 11 reptiles, 20 insects and other smaller creatures.

The Dead in Christ

By REV. L. W. GOSNELL
Assistant Dean, Moody Bible Institute, Chicago

TEXT—Blessed are the dead which are in the Lord.—Rev. 14:13.

What becomes of our dead when they "die in the Lord?"



To begin with, they go to a certain place. The Jews called this the place of departed spirits, Sheol, while in the language of the New Testament it was known as Hades. In the Old Testament, Sheol is conceived of as in the heart of the earth, for the dying are spoken of as going "down" to it. It had two compartments, as set forth in the picture of the rich man and Lazarus: One a place of torment; the other, called "Abraham's bosom," or paradise, a place of feasting and repose; and between them was a great gulf fixed. Christ himself descended to Sheol or Hades, and told the dying thief he would be with him that day in Paradise (Luke 23:39-43).

Since the ascension of our Lord, the location of Paradise seems changed: Stephen looked "up" into heaven and saw Jesus (Acts 7:55) and Paul was caught "up" to the third heaven, to Paradise (II Cor. 12:2-4). It is suggested in Ephesians 4:8 that when Christ ascended he delivered from Sheol or Hades all the righteous dead, from Abel onward, and carried them with him into the presence of God. Hence we understand that in this age the righteous depart to be with Christ in a Paradise which is on high.

The state of the dead in Christ is a restful one. They "sleep in" (or through) Jesus" (I Thess. 4:14). He died, hearing our sins on the cross; because of this fact we do not die, but rather fell to sleep. Rest is very attractive in this weary world; the power of this attraction is suggested by the fact that Buddhism, the religion having the largest number of adherents, holds out annihilation as the chief boon for man.

Are the Dead Conscious?

The state of the dead in Christ is a conscious one. Some have inferred from the scriptural language about sleep that the soul slumbers in the intermediate state. But the Scripture nowhere asserts that the souls of the dead are asleep. Even in normal sleep we are quite conscious. Charles Spurgeon once arose from his bed, lighted a lamp and wrote the full outline of a sermon which he preached the next morning. Yet he was sound asleep while writing the sermon and could hardly believe the testimony of his own eyes when he saw the outline on his desk in the morning. The Bible clearly teaches that the dead are conscious. If it were otherwise how could Paul say it would be better for him to depart to be with Christ than to remain on earth to work for him (Phil. 1:23)?

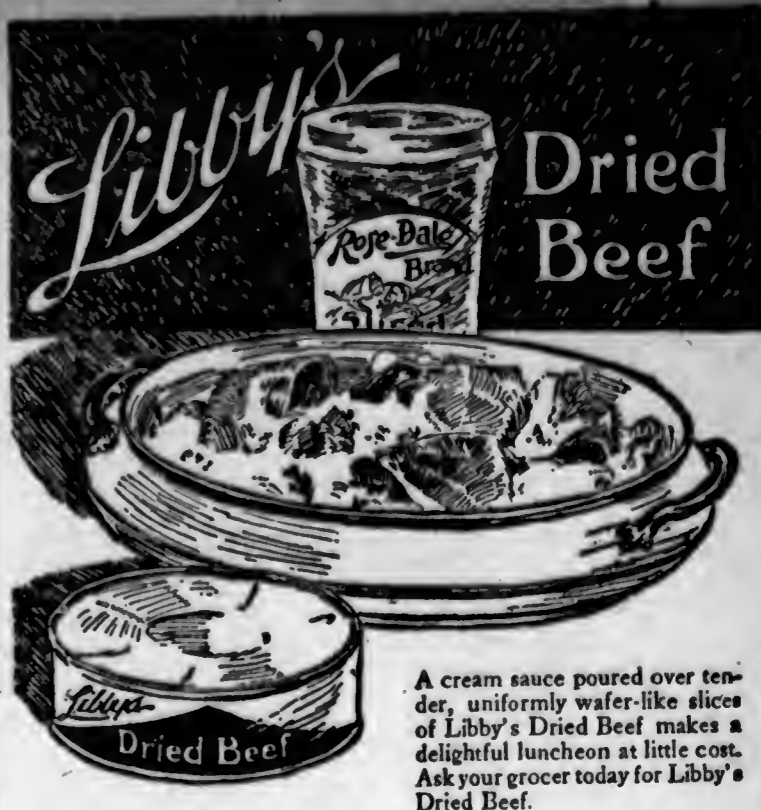
The state of the righteous dead is a blessed one. The expressions used in the Scripture to describe it are full of significance. For example, Paradise was a name applied to a king's park and suggests ordered and stately beauty, together with noble society. The dead are said to be "at home with the Lord" (II Cor. 5:8 R. V.). As one has put it, home is "the scene where our whole being is in sweet and vivid harmony with surroundings." We grieve over our departed friends as if they had gone out into a world of mystery where they will be strangers and ill at ease. How blessed to know that they are "at home with the Lord!" They do not wait even a single moment to enter into this bliss, for "to depart is to be with Christ" (Phil. 1:23).

State of the Dead.

Finally, the state of the dead may be described as an unclothed one. Paul speaks in II Cor. 5 of the "earthly house of this tabernacle" being dissolved. He goes on to say, in verses two to four: "For in this we groan, earnestly desiring to be clothed upon with our house which is from heaven: if so be that being clothed we shall not be found naked. For we that are in this tabernacle do groan, being burdened: not for that we would be unclothed, but clothed upon, that mortality might be swallowed up of life." In other words, while glad at the prospect of being absent from the body because he would be at home with the Lord, yet he does not consider this the highest possible boon. The intermediate state would find him unclothed, without a body. Paul evidently felt he would not be perfect until he received a glorified body. Hence he hoped that the Lord himself might come before death overtook him so that he might be "clothed upon," as with a garment, with his house from heaven. What significance this gives, for both the living and the dead who are in Christ, to the words of Paul: "Now is Christ risen from the dead and become the first fruits of them that slept!"

Daily Thought.

All writing comes by the grace of God, and all doing and having.—Emerson.



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FIXING LEAKY FOUNTAIN PEN

Really No Need to Put Up With Annoyance That Can Be Remedied Easily.

If you have a fountain pen that leaks around the joints, especially so if it is one of those types of fountain pens having a point which disappears by turning a section of the barrel, try an application of heavy oil. To remedy the defect, soak the pen in warm water, not hot, and allow it to dry, particularly inside. Then apply oil on the spindle which revolves. The oil should be worked through the hearings from end to end. You can now refill the pen and wipe off the excess oil. A heavy cylinder oil is best for this purpose. To unscrew the parts of a fountain pen which have become set, merely heat the pen with hot water or by holding it near a flame, but be careful not to get too hot for there is danger of melting. While pen is heated a slight twist will often loosen the set.—Frank P. Goeder, Colorado Agricultural College, Fort Collins, Colo.

Ominous Intimation.

"When I marry I will treat my wife with consideration, but I expect to be master in my own house." "Of course, you do. We all begin life with great expectations."

Accounted For.

"Why do they always speak of vessels as in the feminine gender?" "Maybe one reason is that they're generally trimming their sails."

Why the Changed Phrase.

Bonita had been taught to say, "Excuse me, please," on leaving the table before others. One day she astonished mamma by remarking, "Please excuse me."

"Why, what do you mean?" asked her mother.

"I'm only half through eating, of course," snapped Bonita indignantly; "I'm coming back!"

That Useful Guardhouse.

"Them gaudy houses at the train's camps is shuah doin' a gran' work, jes' like the Red Cross," observed Cindy, the colored maidservant. "They saved mah boy Duke's life."

"How is that, Cindy?" queried her employer.

"I dunno how they done it. Only he wrote me a postal card sayin' if he hadn't got ten days in one of 'em he'd a' been a corp."

Comea Out in the Wash.

Mrs. Youngthing—You ought to be ashamed of yourself to dye your lovely gray hair.

Mrs. Wellalong—I didn't dye it. We're burnin' soft coal.

Revising the Revenues.

"The glasses are very small," exclaimed on girl.

"Yes," replied the other. "The luxury tax ought to pay for the ice cream soda and the rest of the money ought to go to the government."

What men call firmness in themselves they call contrariness in others.

Why Complain of Poor Coffee Or The High Price of Coffee

when you can have a superior beverage of rich flavor and health value by drinking the original

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